The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1867. NO. 40.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

From the Richmond Dispatch.

THE TRUTH OF HISTORY—A LETTER FROM BRIG. GEN. LANE.

RICHMOND, Va., Sept. 19, 1867.

The Petersburg *Index*, in its editorial notice of Mr. Pollard's new work, entitled "Lee and His Lieutenants," does great injustice to Lane's North Carolina brigade and the other gallant troops composing Wilcox's Division.

That paper asserts "Wilcox was not engaged, except slightly, on the first evening at the Wilderness," whereas Heth's and Wilcox's divisions were both hotly engaged, and succeeded in keeping back two or more corps of the Yankee army. In my official report I stated that we—that is, my brigade—were the last troops to become engaged, and, without hope of assistance, kept up the unequal contest from about 5 o'clock P. M. until 9. My aggregate loss in the fights of the 5th and 6th was 415.

The next error is in the assertion that "Wilcox's troops did not hold their own on the 12th of May at Spotsylvania." Gen. Early, however, is of a different opinion; for in his "Memoir of the Last Year of the War for Independence," page 25, he says:

"On this morning the enemy made a very heavy attack on Ewell's front, and broke the line where it was occupied by Johnson's division. A portion of the attacking force swept along Johnson's line to Wilcox's left, and was checked by a prompt movement on the part of Brigadier General Lane, who was on that flank. As soon as the firing was heard, General Wilcox sent Thomas' and Scales' brigades to Lane's assistance, and they arrived just as Lane's brigade had repulsed this body of the enemy, and they pursued it for a short distance. As soon as Mahone's division arrived from the left, Perrin's and Harris' brigades of that division, were sent to General Ewell's assistance, and were carried into action under his orders. Brigadier General Perrin was killed and Brigadier General McGowan severely wounded, while gallantly leading their respective brigades into action; and all the brigades sent to Ewell's assistance suffered severely.

"Subsequently, on the same day, under orders from General Lee, Lane's brigade of Wilcox's division and Mahone's own brigade (under Colonel Weisiger) were thrown to the front for the purpose of moving to the left and attacking the flank of the column of the enemy which had broken Ewell's line, to relieve the pressure on him, and if possible, recover the part of the line which had been lost. Lane's brigade commenced the movement, and had not proceeded far when it encountered and attacked, in a piece of woods in front of my line, the Ninth corps, under Burnside, moving up to attack a salient on my front. Lane captured over three hundred (300) prisoners and three battle-flags, and his attack on the enemy's flank, taking him by surprise, *no doubt contributed materially to his repulse.* Mahone's brigade did not become seriously engaged. The attacking column which Lane encountered got up to within a very short distance of a salient defended by Walker's brigade of Heth's division, under Colonel Mayo, before it was discovered, as there was a pine thicket in front, under cover of which the advance was made. A heavy fire of musketry from Walker's brigade, and Thomas's, which was on its left, and a fire of artillery from a considerable number of guns on Heth's line, were opened with tremendous effect upon the attacking column, and it was driven back with heavy loss, leaving its dead in front of our works. This affair took place under the eye of General Lee himself."

The original of the following communication is still in my possession:

"HEADQUARTERS ARMY NORTHERN VA., }
"ON BATTLE FIELD, May 13, 1864. }

"*General C. M. Wilcox.*

"*Commanding division:*

"General:—General Lee directs me to acknowledge the receipt of the flags captured by Lane's brigade in its gallant charge of yesterday, and to say that they will be forwarded to the Hon. Secretary of War with the accompanying note and the names of the brave captors.

"I am, very respectfully,
"Your obedient servant,
"C. S. VENABLE, A. D. C."

The *Index* is again mistaken when it says: "Instead of achieving success at Jericho ford, May 24th, as Pollard relates, his brigades (Lane's and McGowan's), behaved most disgracefully, and were replaced by Davis's and Cooke's troops of Heth's division." The thirty-seventh regiment alone of my brigade behaved badly on that occasion; but in justice to this regiment, it must be remembered that it lost its Colonel and many of its bravest company officers in the fight of the 12th. The 7th. was guarding a point on the river, and was not actively engaged. The other three regiments fought very gallantly, drove the enemy back to a commanding position near the river, held the ground over which they fought, removed all their dead and wounded, and were not relieved by Davis's brigade until 11 o'clock that night, at which time the fighting had ceased.

Lastly. The *Index* denies that Fort Gregg was defended by any part of Wilcox's command, and says: "The infantry garrison at Fort Gregg was composed *entirely* of members of the Mississippi brigade of Harris, formerly Posey's." This assertion is not true. The true defenders of Fort Gregg were a part of Lane's North Carolina brigade, Walker's supernumerary artillerists of A. P. Hill's corps, armed as infantry, and a part of Chew's Maryland battery. Harris's brigade and a few pieces of artillery occupied Fort Alexander, which was to the rear of Fort Gregg, and higher up the Appomattox; and that fort was evacuated, the infantry and artillery retiring to the inner line of works, before Fort Gregg was attacked in force. I have letters from Lieutenants Snow, Craige, Howard, and Rigler, of my brigade, who were in Fort Gregg when it fell; and these officers estimate the number of Harris's brigade in that fort at not more than twenty, including a Lieutenant-Colonel Duncan and his adjutant, while they estimate the number from my brigade to have been at least three-fourths of the entire force.

I commanded a North Carolina brigade from the battle of Sharpsburg to the surrender at Appomattox Court-house, and during that time, with the single exception of the Thirty-seventh regiment at Jericho ford, my entire command always behaved most gallantly, and won for themselves an enviable "*army reputation.*"

JAMES H. LANE,
late Brigadier General C. S. A.

[We are sure that our friend of the *Index* unwittingly and unintentionally did injustice to Lane's Brigade. The Editor, Capt. Cameron, has always been prompt to repel all insinuations affecting the bravery and good conduct of N. C. Troops, for which he deserves special commendation and thanks.—*Sentinel.*]

THE NEGRO VOTE AS A BALANCE OF POWER.

The Radicals, seeing the swelling torrent of public sentiment rising against their negro supremacy policy, begin to sing small. One of their organs in this city had a laboured article yesterday, appealing pathetically to the public in behalf of the "poor negro." It asks, "shall four millions of our countrymen be henceforth serfs and outcasts in the land of their birth with their descendants through all generations!" It calls this "the main question—the great question remaining to be solved by the judgment and votes of the American people." Now this is the merest bilderdash and claptrap nonsense. The writer knows very well, if he has any sense, that the four millions of his colored countrymen are neither serfs nor outcasts, and never can be again. They are on perfect equality with the whites as regards their civil rights and before the law. If a portion of them should be excluded from certain political privileges for a time and for great public reasons, that would be nothing more than what happens to many white people in this republic and land of equal rights. All this talk about the negroes being serfs and outcasts is supreme nonsense, and is made for the purpose of blinding the American people to the real object of the Radicals. No, there is no fear of the negroes not having their rights; and that is not the real question.—The object of the Radicals is to make the negro vote the balance of power in our political system and government. A small party sometimes holds the balance, as we often see, in both State and general elections. The four millions of blacks in the South may become the ruling power of the republic through holding that balance. We see already how demoralized and extreme the Republican party has become in its efforts to get the negro vote. What will not that party or any other do to gain power through the negro vote, if that vote can give it?—In fact we are now in danger of having this great republic governed by the negroes and in the interests of negroes. This is "the main question" really at issue, and all the pretence about negro rights is sheer humbug.—*N. Y. Herald.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

DRY GOODS.

FALL, 1867.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.

258 *Baltimore Street,*

BALTIMORE,

ARE MERCHANTS visiting Baltimore, to examine their large and elegant stock of Barrisi, French and American DRY GOODS.

Robert Hull,
Thos. W. Atkinson,
Sam'l Hunter,
Wm. J. Hull,
S. Harris Hopkins.

Orders promptly executed.
HULL, ATKINSON & CO.

September 4—28-2m*

FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATION
1867.
OF
RIBBONS,
Millinery and Straw Goods.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
Bonnet, Trimming and Velvet Ribbons,
BONNET SILKS, SATINS AND VELVETS,
BLONDS, NETTS, CRAPES, RUCHES,
Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments,
STRAW BONNETS & LADIES' HATS,
TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED,
SHAKER HOODS, &c.,
237 and 239 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE, Md.

Offer the largest Stock to be found in this Country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties.

Orders solicited and prompt attention given.

Sept. 2—22-10w

BEARD'S PATENT LOCK TIE,
ALSO
BEARD'S
Patent Self-Adjusting Tie,
THE MOST SIMPLE AND GREATEST IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE FOR BALING COTTON.

MUCH SAFER FROM FIRE, AND CHEAPER THAN ROPE.

HAVING SOLD LARGELY LAST SEASON THE PATENT LOCK TIE,

we can recommend them to give entire satisfaction. We have taken the Agency for the State, and will continue to keep a large supply on hand.

For one Ton, and upwards, to dealers, a liberal discount will be allowed.

E. MURRAY & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Aug 16-8-2m
Standard copy.

THOMASVILLE (N. C.) SHOES.

We have a small assortment of these popular and excellent SHOES, consisting of

MEN'S KIP BROGANS,
BOY'S BUFF BALMORALS
WOMEN'S GOAT BALMORALS,
LEATHER BOOTS, &c.

It is our purpose to try to introduce these shoes into this market, and our present small stock will be increased from time to time with additional lots fresh from the Manufactory.

Let us encourage and sustain our own Manufactories, and we thus encourage and sustain ourselves. We warrant these shoes to be good leather, and free from paper, scraps and shavings.

Sept. 2—22-1f HINNANT & PERRY.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE.

The Stock and Fixtures of a Neat and Beautiful Drug Store For Sale!

THE PROPRIETORS, desirous of changing their business, offer for sale their stock of Drugs, Fixtures, &c. The store is beautifully fitted up in the latest style. The establishment has a good run of custom, and any one with a small capital can do well. Rent cheap. The whole can be bought low. Apply to

J. D. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Sept. 14—23-1w Washington, N. C.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK

ASSETS OVER

$4,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME

$2,500,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO POLICY HOLDERS, [NOT STOCK HOLDERS,] THIS YEAR OVER $600,000.

PURELY MUTUAL.

PROFITS DIVIDED ANNUALLY AMONG

POLICY HOLDERS.

The Equitable has grown more rapidly, since its organization, than any Life Insurance Company ever organized in America.

Its policies average larger in amount, than those of any other Company in the United States.

Applications for Agencies in North Carolina must be addressed to the Gen'l Agent.

MAJ. M. P. TAYLOR, Ag't, Wilmington.
DESCEWAT & GUION, " Newbern.
OBREN WILLIAMS, " Tarboro'.
BURBANK & GALLAGHER, Agent, Washington.
BRENIZER, KELLOGG & Co. " Greensboro'.
E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co. " Salisbury.

HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.,
Charlotte, N. C.,
Aug 6-305-6m Gen'l Agents for N. C.

THE NORTH AMERICA

LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

New Features and Advantages Which are Known as Belonging to no Other Company in the United States.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS COMPANY IS upon the Mutual Benefit System—the accumulated profits going to the assured.

This company makes a special deposit with the Insurance Department of the State, for which Registered policies are issued if desired, countersigned by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, certifying that such policies are secured by pledge of public stocks.

No other Company gives the assured a guarantee of this character or anything equivalent.

Thirty days' of grace are allowed on all renewal premiums, and the policy remains valid and in full force during that time.

No restrictions as to travel or residence abroad at any season of the year, outside the tropics, which gives a nearly world-wide and unconditional policy.

No higher rate of premium charged for stationary Engineers, Conductors, Baggage Masters, Mail Agents, nor in consequence of change of employment after the policy is issued.

Notes are not required by this Company, but a loan may be obtained on the policy for one third of the annual premium, which is cancelled by the profits applied as dividends.

Joint policies, including man and wife, are issued by this Company, and the amount insured is payable to the survivor on the death of either.

Our dividend, January 1st, 1866, was 45 per cent.

Dividends are declared annually, and paid on settlement of 4th. Annual Premium, on all our plans upon the full amount of premiums received.

Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

All policies issued by this Company are non-forfeiting, after two, in some instances, and three annual payments in others.

The per centage of premium receipts in 1865, over 1864, was 251 per cent; which is nearly double that of any other New York company.

Policies incontestable from any cause except on account of fraud.

For insurance in this Company apply to

P. H. CAMERON,
Agent for State of North Carolina, Wilmington.
or
SEATON GALES,
July 4-280-eod3m Agent for Raleigh.

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;

Molasses and Syrup;

Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;

Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar-cured Hams, and Strips;

Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.

Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.

Pickled and smoked Salmon.

Liverpool and Table Salt.

Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.

Gunny Bagging, Rope Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c., Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.

Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits. Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.

Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.

All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.

We sell strictly for Cash.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
April 3—1f Family Grocer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SITUATION WANTED.

A lady of some experience in teaching desires a situation. She prefers to teach English and Mathematics. Address Rev. W. E. PELL.
Aug 27—4tw Raleigh, N. C.

CORN!

FIFTEEN HUNDRED BUSHELS IN NEW SACKS.

Prime White Corn, Wholesale and Retail, at lowest market price, by

DOUGLAS BELL,
Sept. 11—31-4f Market Square.

DOTY'S CELEBRATED WASHER IN STORE at reduced price.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Sept. 13—1w. Agent.

RAILROADS.

GREAT NATIONAL

DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE

TO THE WEST.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO AND RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROADS.

PERSONS wishing to travel or *Emigrate* to the Western and South Western States from this part of North Carolina, are informed, that permanent arrangments have been made between the above Rail Roads, by which Passengers can obtain through tickets, at the Office of the *Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road at RALEIGH*, to

St. Louis, Mo.
Cincinati, Ohio.
Chicago, Ill.
Indianapolis, Ind.
Cleveland Ohio.
St. Josephs, Mo.
Cairo, Ill.
Memphis, Tenn.
Louisville, Ky.
Milwaukie, Wis.
Detroit, Mich.
Pittsburg, Pa.
Kansas City, Mo.
Columbus, Ohio.

and all Western and South Western Cities.

Passengers *going West from Raleigh, via the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road, can either take the Route, via. Portsmouth and Bay Line of Steamers to Baltimore, or the route, via Richmond & Fredericksburg and Potomac Rail Road,* to Washington City, where close connections are made with three Daily Express Trains on the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road for all Western Cities, leaving as follows:

LEAVE BALTIMORE,
Mail Train, 8.45, A. M.
Fast Line, 3.30, P. M.
Express train, 9.45, P. M.

LEAVE WASHINGTON CITY,
Mail Train, 7.45 A. M.
Fast Line, 4.30, P. M.
Express Train, 8.45, P. M.

The advantages of this line over all others in Palace State Room Day and Night Cars, Saving in Time and distance, and so few changes of Cars combine to render this the most pleasant and desirable Route, especially to Families, or Ladies Travelling Alone. There being but ONE Change of Cars between Baltimore, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and but TWO to St. Louis, Cairo, Chicago and the principal Cities West and South.

From *ten to ten Dollars* will be saved by purchasing *through tickets*, besides a great deal of *annoyance at Points* where *Cars and Baggage* are changed, whereas Passengers, holding *through tickets*, will get their *Baggage checked* through, and all transfers of *Passengers* and *Baggage* are made without any additional expense to the Passenger except the cost of through tickets. *Passengers on through tickets* can *stop at any point* on the route, as *through tickets are good until used.*

Passengers leaving Raleigh, Saturday morning, will not be detained at Baltimore or Washington on Sunday; they will take the Fast Line for the West in the afternoon.

LARGE PARTIES and FAMILIES, wishing to emigrate to the *Western* and *South Western* States, should address me, several weeks before starting, as a reduction will be made to Parties of ten full Passengers and upwards, if timely notice is given, besides receiving all further information.

For through Tickets, apply to J. M. Pool, Gen. Ticket Agt. or to Ticket Agent Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road, Raleigh N. C.

LOUIS ZIMMER,
Gen'l. Southern Ag't.,
Balt. & Ohio R. R.
JOHN L. WILSON,
Master of Transportation,
B. & O. R. R.

L. M. COBB,
Gen'l. Ticket Ag't.
R. & O. R. R.
July 9-285-1y

BOOK STORE.

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOKSTORE!"

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE SUBSCRIBER DESIRES TO ANNOUNCE to the Public that he has purchased the stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

Formerly belonging to the North Carolina Publishing Company, that he has succeeded to the old stand No 1 Fayetteville St., so long and so favorably known throughout the State as the

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOK STORE,"

conducted by Henry D. Turner, dec'd., and that henceforth he will conduct the Book Business in all its branches at "*The North Carolina Book Store*" No 1, *Fayetteville St.*

He would also state that he brings to the management of the business, the experience of many years as a book buyer and seller, and a devotion to this particular branch of trade. He will endeavor to merit the reputation and business of the old stand.

The stock, of Books, Stationary, Music, etc; which he now offers to the public, has been well selected, and embraces a large supply of Sunday and Common School Books, Miscellaneous Books of almost every kind and variety, the North Carolina Supreme Court Reports, English Common Law Reports, and other Law Books, a very large supply of *Blank Books, Stationery*, and new Music, comprising

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

to be found in the State; and will be sold upon the most reasonable terms.

Orders from all parts of this State *for any book or article wanted*, accompanied with the cash, or City references, will be promptly attended to, by addressing

JAS. H. ENNIS,
Bookseller,
No 1, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh.
July 22-294-3m

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS,

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-1f

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.

A beautiful assortment just to hand. Prices from 50 cents to $10.00.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
Sept. 13—1f Raleigh, N. C.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

I HAVE THIS DAY OPENED A VERY NEAT assortment of

FALL GOODS,

Especially suited to immediate wants, to an inspection of which you are respectfully invited. They embrace

A FULL ASSORTMENT

OF

FLANNELS,
KENTUCKY JEANS,
SATINETS,

Neat Low-Priced

Plain and Fancy Cassimeres,

For Gents' and Youths' wear. Also

BLEACHED AND BROWN
SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,
HICKORY SHIRTINGS,
DENIMS, TICKINGS,
COTTON PLAIDS AND STRIPES;

WITH A

FULL ASSORTMENT OF PRINTS,

In all the best makes, for ONE SHILLING PER YARD, and

LOWER GRADES AT 12½ TO 15 CTS.

IN COMMENCING THE FALL TRADE, I would take occasion to thank the Public generally for the liberal patronage extended this house for the past two years, and in return will assure them the same liberal system of business will be strictly adhered to in the future that has guided our efforts in the past. QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS will still be our guiding star, by the light of which, it is to be hoped, all will find out that

THOMAS SMITH'S,

25 SYCAMORE St., PETERSBURG, VA.,

Is the place to buy DRY GOODS.

Aug. 23—14-1f

ENGINE, MILL, &c., FOR SALE.

We have for sale, at our Blast Furnace near Wilson, in Wilson Co., N. C., a splendid

40 HORSE POWER STEAM ENGINE,

with two Cylinder boilers. It is one of the best working Engines we have ever seen and has sufficient capacity to drive a saw and grist mill.—The grist mill is now with the Engine and the saw mill will be furnished, if required.

We have also two iron

BLOWING CYLINDERS,

four feet diameter and five feet stroke, in good working order and powerful enough to drive any blast furnace.

We have besides a CUPOLA, LADLES, CRANE and every thing suitable for a foundry. We will either sell all together or separately.

TAPPEY, LUMSDEN & CO.
Petersburg, Va.
Aug 20-11-2tawstw
Charlotte Times copy as above

TO TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO will flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use liberally *pure* flavoring materials, such as

Oil Aniseed, Tonka Beans,
" Bergamot, Gum Styrax,
" Cinnamon, Mace,
" Citronella, Nutmegs,
" Cloves, Angelica Root,
" Geranium, Orriss "
" Lemon, Snake "
" Mirbane, Valerian "
" Nutmegs, Aniseed "
" Sassafras, Cardamon Seed,
" Wintergreen, Coriander "
Allspice, Fennel,
Cinnamon Bark, Gum Arabic,
Cloves, Olive Oil, &c.

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all kinds, which we sell *very low.*

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists.
May 27-217-1f Petersburg, Va.

REMOVAL.

JORDAN & CARR,

SUCCESSORS TO GEO. B. JONES & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DRUGGISTS,

PETERSBURG, VA.

HAVE removed their stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass, Dye-Stuffs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c. to the new and commodious building, corner of Sycamore and Washington streets, recently fitted up in the best style, and suitably arranged for conducting the

Drug and Apothecary Business

on a large scale, both Wholesale and Retail.

Grateful for past patronage they invite their former patrons and others in the city and country to favor them with their custom, assuring them that they will be well prepared to serve them.

Their Wholesale Department will be well attended to.

Physicians in the country may rely on them for pure articles.

Particular attention will be given to Physicians' Prescriptions, day and night.

WALTER B. JORDAN. JOSEPH CARR.
September 5—29-3m

FOR SALE,

At reduced price, one of H. L. Emory's Universal Cotton Gins and Condensers, (used a part of last season.)

WM. R. COX.
Raleigh, September 5—31d&w.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALLAN & JOHNSON.

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.

1306 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va.

Oct 12-1y

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors ON AND AFTER THE 1st OF JUNE 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR,
GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. Va.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, W. Va.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th. July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, via stages.

HOT SPRINGS,
HEALING SPRINGS, and
BATH ALUM SPRINGS,
BATH COUNTY, Va.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,
ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, Va.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS,
(FORMERLY STRIBLING'S.)

Route via Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS,
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, Va.

Route via Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS,
BOTETOURT COUNTY, Va.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c.

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30-250-4m*

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS.

PROPRIETORS:

WM. A. HURD, ... Of New Orleans.
W. F. CORKERY, Spottswood Hotel, Richmond.

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD OFFICES,
IN ROTUNDA OF HOTEL.

July 4-280-3m

GOLDSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE NEXT SCHOLASTIC YEAR WILL BEgin on Monday, the 30th. of September, 1867, and continue forty weeks. The year will be divided into two sessions of twenty weeks each, but there will be no vacation till July, 1868.

The Faculty the same as heretofore. Pupils received at any time and charged from date of arrival. Thorough instruction; parental discipline; advantages unsurpassed anywhere; very moderate charges; healthy location; religious privileges of all denominations ample; and every facility for intellectual and moral improvement.

Board and Tuition, per session of twenty weeks, $35, in currency.

For particulars, address the undersigned, or Prof. E. W. ADAMS, Goldsboro, N. C.

Rev. S. MILTON FROST,
July 22-236-2awt0t President.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

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July 23-294-1f

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July 17-292-1f

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THE SENTINEL.

WM. R. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1867.

THE "PETERSBURG INDEX."

Our respected cotemporary, the *Index*, desires, as a matter of policy, to discuss with us the point, whether Conservatives should vote against a Convention or not, and whether organized opposition to a Convention would involve parties, by so doing.—We can conceive how, as a matter of *principle*, Conservatives might desire to discuss this question, but our ideas of *policy* satisfy us that no good could result from it.

What we shall say, therefore, is not designed to controvert the positions of the *Index*, but simply to state our own. These views we have steadily maintained since the Reconstruction Acts became the law of the land. In no instance have we counselled anything that savored of a disposition to obstruct or trammel, in any way, the execution of the laws by the constituted authorities, according to their letter and plain meaning. Our convictions of duty, in all cases, oblige us to oppose, with all our power, the passage of laws, which we deem unwise, unjust, or unconstitutional, during their transit through the forms of legislation, but when a bill becomes a law, according to usage and constitutional forms, we shut our mouths and obey, until the law is repealed or declared null by the Supreme Court.

This has been our action in regard to the Reconstruction Acts, and shall continue to be. We regard that law as expressing not only the will but the positive requirement of Congress,—that that body will not brook opposition to it, and that, though it does not say in so many words that it will punish the defeat of the purposes and aims of that law, except by *official* interference, yet its temper and action leave no doubt, that it will aim to punish all who do obstruct it. The whole tenor, spirit and purpose of the action of Congress plainly and unmistakably indicate, that it intends that the Reconstruction Acts shall be carried out, leaving no *choice* to the people of the South, as a whole, in the matter. They are so constructed and accompanied by menaces and threats of the party in power, backed by the military arm, as to make it, if not the duty of every man, at least the policy of every man, not to obstruct their execution.

But suppose the entire matter of reconstruction in the South were left to the free choice of every man, to take the Reconstruction Acts or military rule; we are fully satisfied that the opposers of reconstruction would be beaten badly at every contest at the ballot box, unless the Radical party should so far exceed the demands of the Reconstruction Acts themselves, as to aim to incorporate in the new Constitution of the States the Brownlow-Holden-Radical programme. In that event, and at that point, friends of conservatism might hope to check them. But we have been confident from the first, such is the anxiety of the great body of the people, (who feel far more than our citizens in comfortable circumstances can feel, the pressure of the uncertainties and prostration of our present condition,) for reconstruction and an early settlement of our difficulties, that no attempt on the part of any portion of our citizens, however numerous or respectable, could prevent at the ballot box, in any of the States, a large majority for Convention.

Many intelligent men may think otherwise, but we have never had a doubt upon this subject. But suppose you could defeat a Convention and prefer military rule, how long would the party in power allow you to remain without the enaction of such laws as would *force* reconstruction, without the consent of its opponents? And who does not see that the defeat of the Congress, in the inception of reconstruction, would so inflame that already maddened party, as to make them resort, while they hold the power, to any imaginable means, to force the most offensive measures against us. Military rule, moreover, is no asylum, no covert from the storm of Radical wrath, but holds our heads and backs bare to the fiercest lashes of its scorpion sting.

Our convictions are, therefore, fixed, that the true principle of action, as well as the true policy of Conservative Constitutional Union men, is to offer no opposition, no obstruction, whatever, to the enforcement of the Reconstruction Laws, according to their legitimate meaning, seeing that any such attempt is both fruitless and against sound policy; but that the Conservative men everywhere should hold themselves in readiness to check and prevent, if possible, the incorporation of ultra and extra Radical views, not found in the Reconstruction Acts, in the State Constitutions. To aim to defeat a Convention, would not only be fruitless, but so weaken our influence with the people, as to make us impotent for resistance at any future point.

THE CROPS.—From the Sheriffs, and from other sources, we learn the following particulars in regard to the Crops:

In Mecklenburg, the Cotton crop is promising, but late. Early frost would be damaging. The Corn crop is better than was looked for some time ago.

In Chowan, the Cotton crop is said to be a failure,—the large quantity of rain having injured it. Corn crop only passable, though a late fall would help both.

In Nash, planters calculate on only half a crop of Cotton.

In Forsythe, Corn crops fair.

Fifty-five thousand copies of the President's constitutional proclamation have been ordered to be printed at the Government printing office.

"HISTORY is Philosophy teaching by example." So said some celebrity,—probably BURKE, as the definition has the rounded fullness of the great orator's style. And History repeats itself constantly, but in such a way as to leave no doubt that its evil and vicious examples have set the world lessons, which it is much more prone to learn, than those which are salutary, beneficent and admirable. The present day, especially, is the theatre upon which many of the historic events of the past are being re-enacted, with shifted scenery and different *dramatis personæ*, of course, but with the same passions, feelings, bad ambitions and dark designs pervading the plot, influencing the actors, and swaying the masses.

Brennus, the Gaul, had the Roman provincial town of Ardea under his feet. Ransom was fixed *by Brennus, himself*, at the price of 1,000 pounds of gold. The demand was conceded, because the inhabitants had no power to help themselves. The scales were brought and adjusted, but, pending the process of weighing, the people of Ardea began very naturally and justly to murmur, because they perceived that the Gauls were using *false weights*; whereupon, Brennus, indignant that his rascality had been detected, *threw his sword into the balance*, with the exclamation "Wo! to the vanquished!"

Now, in these modern times, something very much like all this has been going on. "A war for the Union" ended in the overthrow of the revolutionary party. Certain things were exacted by way of ransom, as it were, of those who were defeated. They brought forward the price, promptly, and with what of cheerfulness they could,—certainly with a full submission, and in all good faith. When they complained that new and more humiliating conditions were being superadded, as the process of adjustment proceeded, they were branded with being contumacious and refractory, their civil governments were virtually abrogated and military rule was established; the sword, in a word, was again unsheathed,—ringing out, as it clanged against the scabbard, something similar in sound to the utterance of the Gallic barbarian!

But we are not only, in this progressive age and country, "repeating history,"—we are *making* it. It is even possible that we are making it on *such* a scale that future generations will despair of being able to profit by our "philosophy" or imitate our "example," and that we shall accordingly be left alone in our *glory*,—the nonpareil of nations. Instead of having imitators, it is more likely that the student of history, a quarter of a century hence, will read with marvel and astonishment the record of these days.

Apropos to this subject, the Richmond *Enquirer and Examiner*, alluding to the recent "*detail*" of a subaltern officer of the army of the United States to occupy a seat on the judicial bench, heretofore held inviolate, forcibly says:

"The history of the "Great Republic" itself will contain no page more striking than that which tells the story how, in the chief city of the "elder sister" of the Union, "American civilization" was signalized in the supersedure of the judicial ermine by the military uniform. And this not in a time of war, nor even of civil commotion, but after two years of "peace," in a city famous for its order, amid circumstances and surroundings all full of quiet and subordination, and no more betokening "hostility" than do the plaintive cooings of the turtle-dove!

Some future Macaulay, emulous of that historian's fame, if he desire to depict this record in more thrilling colors than the story of Burke's impeaching Hastings, need only write by way of comment, that this overthrow of a time-honored judiciary and its supersedure by the "detail" of a military subaltern officer occurred in a State renowned for the ability and purity of its judges, and that the scene of the outrage was the very chamber on whose walls is hung the portrait of our illustrious Marshall!

And yet this thing, bad as it is, does not fill our people with that indignation which it will undoubtedly inspire in the breasts of succeeding generations of American citizens, North and South. We of to-day living here in Richmond, know that the military officer, whose word is law to us, and whose bayonets compel obedience to his behests, has exercised a wisdom and discretion in this matter which entitle him to our sincerest consideration. Had we felt the full measure of the merciless legislation, which a cruel and revengeful Congress has devised for our destruction, the seat of our Hustings judge might to day be occupied by some creature, who, compared to the present incumbent, is like snake eyed malice to mercy."

THE FAMILY QUARREL.—There is a very pretty quarrel going on between the Republican wing and the ultra Radical wing of the so-called Republican party in this State. The *Standard* reads the *Register* out of the party, and the *Register* returns pretty sharply, telling the *Standard* that it was never in the party, and hardly entitled to a probationary position in the party. If the two "animals" want to *butt*, why let them to their hearts' content. Conservative men can have but little interest in the matter, any way. They can never belong to either wing of that party, yet we find Conservatives everywhere ready to encourage the consistent, moderate and manly course of the *Register*, which represents the honest and fair minded Republicans, against that of the violent and ultra *Standard*, which is only a new convert to the Republican faith. As with all renegades, its over zeal for its new allies is likely to ruin it.

GEN. PUTZ RULES OUT THE NEGROES.—We have the authority of two respectable *white* men (not Radicals) for reiterating the assertion that a secret circular of instructions had been sent from Atlanta to the different counties, discountenancing the candidacy of negroes, and that the great body of the negroes regard these instructions as "*orders*" not to run, and so designate them whenever they are alluded to.—*Macon (Ga.) Telegraph.*

MR. JOHNSON AND THE RADICALS.—The President has stated that he will soon begin to give for publication the private letters that have been written to him within the last year, from prominent Republicans, complimentary and endorsing him, and asking for appointments to office for their friends. He will wait until these gentlemen get on the stump and commence to denounce him, when he will put forth their private views as expressed to him.—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Tribune, Sept. 17th.*

"No man is entitled, by any services, to any place for which he is not fit. We had as well surrender ourselves, at once, to Radical rule, as shew that we are animated by no better than Radical principles—the lust for place and plunder, and the sordid desire of power."

The foregoing rule of political ethics is laid down by the Baltimore *Gazette*, in view of the elections shortly to be held in Maryland, under the new Constitution, which has just been adopted by the people of that State, and which removes the odious disabilities under which so large a class of its citizens have been for several years laboring. It is a moral, as well as political, rule, which we cordially endorse. We have never believed, in the past, in sacrificing principle to availability, and, in all cases where we are allowed any free agency, we expect always to be governed by similar views. We are glad to see the *Gazette* advocating so elevated a party code. *It* can afford to do so, now that the heretofore disfranchised people of the State are allowed a voice in the selection of their rulers, and that the range of choice, itself, is no longer circumscribed by an arbitrary and fanatical legislation.

Unfortunately, in the South, under the "test-oath," the great difficulty will be in procuring the "services" of those who *are* "fit" to hold any office. So far as the State of North Carolina is concerned, as we have repeatedly said, there are but few men in it, who can *honestly* take that oath, who are "fit" to occupy positions of any considerable trust or responsibility. We have left us, therefore, little election in the matter of selecting men for office. Of course this remark does not apply to delegates to the "Reconstruction Convention," for the "test-oath" does not refer to them.—We have it in our power, and it is our duty, to select the best men for that body. But in the matter of Federal offices, hereafter, until that oath is repealed, we have literally no choice; and, after the State shall have been restored, under the operation of the Howard amendment a large majority of the most intelligent and respectable men we have will be ineligible for office.

What a commentary upon Republican government and enlightened civil liberty, that the people of ten States should be almost entirely restricted in their selection of those who are to fill the Federal offices, which have been adorned by the best talent and worth in the land, to mean white men, in whom they have no confidence, or to an ignorant and interior race, who have not the faintest conception of government or of public virtue! The probability is that we may be able to find enough white men to fill the State offices hereafter. Hence, the suggestion, which has heretofore been made, that the negroes should agree to leave the State offices to the whites, while *they* shall be allowed to monopolize all the Federal offices!

For the Sentinel.

PERFECTLY SHAMELESS.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—You do not get Holden's paper. It is better for your quiet. I send you the following extract from the *Standard*, of Saturday, to show your readers the depth of the malice and low envy which festers in the gizzard of the editor of that paper. I say *gizzard*, for surely no such *individual* can have a soul. The extract is in reply to a statement of the *Sentinel*, that Alamance will send two Conservative delegates to the State Convention. It says:

"If Alamance should refuse to send good Republicans to the Convention, and if a majority of the delegates in the Convention should be such as the *Sentinel* hopes the Alamance delegates will be, and it reconstruction should be thereby defeated, confiscation will inevitably take place,—and the property first seized should be that of such men as Graham and Worth, and afterwards that of their followers! Mark the prediction!"

If and if! I hope, Messrs. Editors, that Alamance and sixty other Counties in the State, at least, will send good Conservative Constitutional Union men to the State Convention, not to defeat the Reconstruction Acts of Congress, but to save the State from the ruin and degradation which must follow its reorganization upon the principles, as you very properly term it, of the Brownlow-Holden-Radical programme. I am with you body and soul upon that issue, and I trust the people, the true honest people, both white and black, from Currituck to Cherokee, will rally to save the State from the infamy and ruin which the policy of Holden would inflict upon the State.

A WORKING MAN.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE AND THE ANTIETAM CELEBRATION.

Taken as a whole a more stupidly farcical affair than that of to-day at Antietam could scarcely be imagined. A baser attempt to degrade a noble object and praiseworthy undertaking was never made. What the people expected would be a national celebration was turned by those who managed it into a glorification of the genius of George B. McClellan, and a political meeting to aid the cause of Johnson and Swann. The whole thing was gotten up in bad taste and wretchedly managed between old fogyism and the display of bad politics. The people not only of the most loyal district in the State, that of Congressman Frank Thomas, but every Northern man with any loyal principles, was treated shamefully. The district in which the battle took place, in Washington county, was always the most steady in its loyalty of any in the State, and it is therefore not surprising if the people showed their disgust in more ways than one.—For the last year or so, in fact since the advent of Governor Swann's administration, the management of the Antietam Cemetery has not been as it should have been. Too much politics have become interwoven with it, and a class of men were in it who produced nothing but discord and dislike among the Northern members of it.—*Tribune.*

AN INSTANCE OF GENERAL ORD'S PROMPTITUDE AND OF HOLT'S CORRUPTNESS.—A lieutenant in the United States army, in command of a town in Mississippi, brought with him a disreputable woman, his paramour, and sent her to the hotel for rooms. The proprietor of the hotel refusing to receive her, the officer ordered a guard to take possession of the hotel, and thus found accommodations for his female friend. The case was reported to Gen. Ord, who ordered the arrest of the officer, who was court-martialed, found guilty of the charges preferred against him, and dismissed from the service. General Grant approved the sentence. Judge Holt, however, recommends an abatement of the sentence to a suspension for one month, on the ground that the principal witness had been in the Confederate service.—*National Intelligencer.*

Tide Water Correspondence.

(From our own Correspondent.)

NEW BERN, Sept. 21, 1867.

LEAVING MOREHEAD.

"All aboard!" (ting! ting!) "All right—Go ahead!" (jam! slam! jam!) "Tickets for New Bern!" Thus with a jerk—a few hoarse respirations of the engine—a rattle of loosened brakes—and a chorus of "good byes," we take our parting glance at old Ocean, and face westward—homeward bound. King Winter has issued his prospectus, and though the bland smiles of September still lend a fictitious lustre to the decaying glories of Summer, the votaries of fashion and pleasure take warning from cool mornings and glinting sunsets, that verdal amusements must soon give place to the city dissipation; and the leaves fall not faster in Vallambrosa, than the flowers of Beauty and Idleness flee to their hot houses.

Miss Fashionable Frivolity has decided that the season was a bore. The water was too cold to bathe—the ocean too wet to sail—the weather too hot to dance; and, as a profane acquaintance of mine added *sotto voce* in evident disgust—"the devil to pay generally." (He probably referred to his board bill.)

So, on Monday last, we all took the Atlantic & North Carolina train at Morehead City, as I have mentioned above.

There was papa, (thinking of his cotton crop); mamma, (thankful that none of the children were drowned); Miss Grace (thinking of Charlie); Charlie (on his good behavior before the old man); Bill (feeding a pet bull-pup); the children (hanging out the window); the servants (eating ginger bread); the big trunk safely checked, and the entire cargo of household gods and goods whirling swiftly up the graded track from the blue level of the Atlantic to the blue slope of the Blue Ridge.

HOME AGAIN.

Your correspondent, who hath long longed to wander once more amid the green gardens and shaded avenues of the Elm city, and could not resist the temptation to disembark en route, sprang from the train as it slowly moved up Hancock street, and is again domiciled in his eight by ten attic, with its ringle window, and roof comb prospective; whence he proposeth to take a glance into the purlieus of society and the pool of politics.

MILITARY COMMISSION.

That blue coated individual who embodies "Regular Army dignity" in this corner of Southern iniquity, has just rattled past with an ambulance load of boon companions—the members of the Military Commission. This calls to mind the sentence of Sheriff F. N. Harper, recently removed by Maj. Van Horn, Post Commander, for insubordination and disobedience of orders.

It will be remembered that Sheriff Harper refused to lead a posse into Jones County, in search of the murderers of the Foscue family. He expressed his willingness to go as a volunteer, but explained that it was contrary to law to exercise official duties beyond his jurisdiction. Major Van Horn, however, does not seem to have many very clear ideas relative to North Carolina, and consequently at once displaced Harper, and procured the installment of an old comrade and personal friend, J. E. Fleming, late Major U. S. A., in his place.

This set some old fogies to conjecturing what under the sun had become of "State rights," "State Constitutions," &c. But the end was not yet; and the outrage has only recently culminated in the trial and sentence of Mr. Harper, by Military Commission, to pay a fine of two hundred and fifty dollars, and be imprisoned in Fort Macon for three months.

Upon recommendation of the Board the latter clause was remitted, but Mr. Harper will undoubtedly have to pay the fine. These proceedings have not been publicly divulged, but we have them from authentic sources. There are other facts connected with this Commission in our possession, that would be of intense interest to your readers in this section, but we are not at liberty to publish them until further developements.

THE HEALTH,

of our City is not such as to be either gratifying or alarming. Bilious and malarial complaints are frequent and in a number of instances fatal. But it is unquestionable that in most cases that have resulted seriously injudicious exposure, inadequate medical treatment and nourishment, or *careless dieting*, was the immediate cause of the mortality.

Our markets are daily glutted with every variety of fruit, much of which has been exposed to the sun in transporting to the city, either on vessel deck or in country carts, and it is not extravagant to presume that one half the illness prevalent may be traced to immoderate indulgence in this kind of diet. It is noticeable that men of regular and well regulated habits are rarely unwell.

NEGROES NOT TO HOLD OFFICE.

Report saith, with what degree of truth this deponent knoweth not, that explicit instructions have been issued to the Head Centres of the Loyal Leagues in the South, enjoining upon them the duty of discountenancing and choking off any disposition, on the part of the blacks, to claim the right to hold office. Further, that the irregular appearance of any negro, as a candidate for other than local offices, shall be considered as insubordination and abandonment of the party, and such candidate shall be expelled from the League.

We give the report as we heard it from "a reliable contraband;" who, by the way, was exceedingly solicitous lest the "purgatives" of his high estate should be neutralized "by de colored people's obsequiency." We advised him to look sharply after "his rights," for the white race was very aspiring and would be claiming equality with the negro the first thing he knew!

NEUSE RIVER NAVIGABLE.

It is exceedingly unfortunate for Newbern that one of her finest channels for trade has been, during the past two years, and is still, closed. We refer to the regular navigation of the upper Neuse. Before the war, as we understand, light draft steam tugs plied tri-weekly between Newbern and Goldsboro', or, perhaps, even Smithfield; towing huge rafts or flats which floated the corn and cotton of all the river plantations to our city wharves. Much of this produce now finds its way to Wilmington and Norfolk.

The cotton shipping season is upon us.—*Could Newbern but stretch her commercial antennæ into the rich counties that environ her*, the devastations of fire, and sword and pestilence would fade like frost before the morning sun.

R. A. S.

EXTRAORDINARY INHUMANITY.—Edwin Booth is recovering, and is now considered safe from the threatened loss of his arm.—He has made another application for the remains of his brother, pleading very earnestly that his mother, being very aged, craves the dead body so as to inter it before she dies near that of his distinguished father, who is buried near this city. The request has been denied.—*Balt. Sun.*

For the Sentinel.

THAT CONVENTION—ITS ORATORS.

It is not worth while to rehearse the sayings and doings of the odoriferous mass meeting on the night of the immortal 4th. of September. The gas bags were opened, and a goodly portion of their contents let fly among the "ladies (!) and gentlemen," who went to the Hall to laugh and be happy. It was a special occasion for the exercise of the wonderful gifts of the neophytes and Windy Billy. Some pretty sweet things were said by orator Harris, who pays his own expenses, though he was charged with spending other people's money rather injudiciously. But as the sable orator pronounced the colored brother, who made the charge, "a liar," he is to presumed to have purged himself, and may stand hereafter *rectus in curia*. Especially should Richard be himself again, inasmuch as, through the urgent intercessions of the white brothers, a reconciliation was happily effected, and the belligerents were persuaded to an *amende* honorable, an armistice and a gratifying shaking of hands, whereupon harmony was restored, and order again reigned in Warsaw. Windy Billy usually cuts a ridiculous figure—but it was given up that, on this occasion, he was usualler than ever. He gave the colored brethren particular fits, and gave them to understand that they were to stand back modestly—and do a little waiting.—They were not quiet competent to hold the offices yet. They must make due preparation. They must sit on the back seats awhile, and leave the loaves and fishes to the white patriots, especially to the "Northern white element," until they could learn how to govern.

"I will tell you one thing," quoth Billy, the flatulent, "don't make fools of yourselves and be laughed at. They are pretty good looking, but they can't come in." (Applause.) Not another colored brother opened his mouth on that eventful night.

This orator was rebuked privately for his indiscretion. He had let the cat out of the bag too soon.

It is a great pity, for himself, that he could not consent to Harris's kind proposition to let by-gones be by-gones. He ought to have consented for his own sake. He would have felt better. Great virtue is there in a sponge, sometimes. A little oblivion is better than a great deal of brazen impudence. Won't Windy Billy be satisfied with somewhat less than "six years" penitence and probation,—swearing yearly on the Bible for all that time,—before we poor devils shall be worthy to sit by his side and be considered as worthy as he is? Does he remember the Pharisees? Has he no bowels? May we not humbly hope that in less than six years we may be permitted to "take the name of Union on our polluted lips?"—We are really very sad, and awfully fear that the saintly Billy entertains a poor opinion of us; and that he will be the death of us. We know that we "ought to be satisfied that the Government of the United States did not hang us." And we know that "treason should be made odious." And we know that when we are scoffed at and hung, that he specially has the right to mock at us, and be our honored hangman. But enough of this gifted orator and immaculate man.—Great is Diana of the Ephesians! And great is Col. W. F. Henderson, *alias* Windy Billy.

In this august assembly of "Ladies and Gentlemen" was Col. J. T. Deweese—who reported that he had tried very hard to get several notables there, but couldn't. Chief Justice Chase was gone away. Gen. Howard had gone somewhere to deliver an agricultural lecture; and Gen. Grant could not come, for the satisfactory reason that he had something else to do. But the General, through his A. D. C., returned a very polite note, which threw the Ex Colonel into extacies. It was indeed very strange that a polite answer should be given to an equally polite invitation. But the glory of the thing was that "this is the first acknowledgement he has ever made to a political convention"—and *ergo*, he is presumed to approve, in advance, all that this Convention may do. The Colonel's heart is full to overflowing. And he engages like a "monstrous good young man," as he evidently is, to take John Pool, Tom Settle, Bob. Dick, and W. W. Holden, in his arms to Washington City, and to "demand in thunder tones that these loyal men shall have the disability removed from them," so that they be allowed to vote and hold office as well as their colored brethren. And he promises that he, as well as others of the Northen white element, will thunder away "at our friends that are in a position to relieve them, until they *do it*—if for no other reason than to *get shut of us*." Who can doubt, hereafter, that there will be a burst up of things, generally, if our loyal patriots cannot be put through, and put in position to be paid for all their sufferings and sacrifices?

Col. Peck, who seems to be an outspoken, honest fellow, assures the ladies and gentlemen of the mass meeting, that he was born in April, and "seemed to himself to be a nat'ral born fool." Very likely, Colonel, we shall not dispute the point. If any man doubts it, he can read your very foolish speech, and judge for himself.

Col. C. H. Foster said some sensible things, but they were hooted at, and the Colonel was evidently "left lamenting."

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☞ Baltimore Gazette copy one week and send bill to J. O. B., *Sentinel* Office.

MACKEREL! MACKEREL!!
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Also McCauley's Family Flour, in sacks.
Sept. 23—40-tf

FOR SALE.
Best English Breakfast Tea, black.
" Gunpowder " green.
" Imperial " "
PULLIAM, JONES, & CO.,
Sept. 23—40-tf Wholesale Grocers.

FOR SALE.
Government Java and Ceylon Java Coffee.
Best Laguira "
Best Rio "
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FOR SALE
Adamantine Candles, in half boxes and cartons; Locust Point Family Flour, the best Baltimore make.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sept. 23—40-tf Wholesale Grocers.

JAMES GORDON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NORFOLK, Va.

WILL GIVE STRICT ATTENTION TO THE sale of Cotton and all other produce, and to the purchase of all Plantation Supplies.
Our house was established in Norfolk, in 1828, by James Gordon, of Warren County, North Carolina, who was well known throughout the State. We trust that our long experience in the Commission business has made us familiar with it in all its branches, and entitles us to a portion of the patronage of the good people of our native State.
REFERENCES:
Gen. M. W. Ransom, B. F. Moore, J. N. Smith, Col. N. M. Long, Hon. Kenneth Rayner, P. W. Smith, Jno. M. Moody, Dr. W. J. Hawkins, Wm. D. Jones, Jno. J. Bell, Hon. Wm. A. Graham, B. H. Smith.
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For the Sentinel.

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Sept. 23—40-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN T. DEWEESE,
Attorney at Law and Register in Bankruptcy,
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS except the Bankrupt Court.
Office in the Standard building.
Raleigh, Sept. 21—39-3m

MEAL! MEAL!! MEAL!!!
200 BUSHELS MEAL, Water-ground, made from PRIME WHITE CORN.
Just received by
Sept. 21—39-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.
CHEAP LIGHT.
SUPERIOR KEROSENE OIL.
Lamps of all kinds, Lamp Chimneys and Wicks. Oil Cans.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Sept. 21—39-tf With Hart & Lewis.

DESTINY, OR LIFE AS IT IS.
BY ROSALIE MILLER MURPHY.
SPLENDIDLY PRINTED, and nicely bound in cloth. Price $1,75.
This is a charming NEW BOOK, by a young Southern author. Just received and for sale by
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
Sept 21—39-tf Booksellers, Raleigh, N. C.

TUCKER HALL,
COMMENCING MONDAY, 23rd.

ST. MAUR,
VENTRILOQUIST & MAGICIAN,
Fairy Land, Chinese, Indian and Egyptian Mysteries.
DANCE OF FAIRY CHILDREN.
ADMISSION:

PARQUETTE,	50 cents.
GALLERY AND CHILDREN,	25 "
FREEDMEN'S GALLERY.	25 "

Sept. 21—tf

PURYEAR'S REFINED MAIZENA, prepared from the best White Corn.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sep. 13, 1867. Wholesale Grocers.

STRAY COW.
ABOUT a week ago a light red COW, without horns, with a calf about six months old, strayed from the N. C. Institution for Deaf and Dumb and the Blind. Any information about them will be suitably rewarded upon application to me at the Institution.
Sept 19—37-tf JAMES A. LEACH.

JAVA COFFEE.
A FEW BAGS OF PRIME OLD GOV. JAVA Coffee, in packages to suit Families, received to-day.
Sept 20—38-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

CHEESE! CHEESE! CHEESE!
Just received, a lot of English Dairy and Factory Cheese. For sale by
Sept. 20—38-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

AUCTION SALE.
Saturday, September 21st.
WILL BE SOLD AT TOWLES' AUCTION, sale to commence at 10 o'clock,—one Mahogany OFFICE DESK, and one Mammoth Trunk, full of valuables, to satisfy Hotel bill.—Also, other goods.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
Sept. 20—38-tf Auctioneer.

SEPTEMBER 19th, 1867.
OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE.
LARGEST! BEST!! CHEAPEST!!!
SINCE THE WAR.
LADIES' DRESS GOODS IN EVERY STYLE.
PRINTS! PRINTS!! PRINTS!!!
From 10c. per yard and upward.
SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,
From 10c. and upward.
SIXTY CASES OF SHOES,
For Men, Women and Boys. In original packages.
HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!
All of the latest styles and qualities.
UMBRELLAS,
TRUNKS,
SATCHELS, &c.
GLOVES!
GLOVES!!
GLOVES!!!
HANDKERCHIEFS,
HANDKERCHIEFS.
All now arriving at our o'd Stand.
☞ Will move in three weeks to New Store.
Sept. 19-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

To the Farmers of North Carolina:
IF YOU WANT PURE
PERUVIAN GUANO,
BUY OF
HERBERT & HAIRSTON,
COTTON, GRAIN AND TOBACCO
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Baltimore, Md.
Sept. 20—38-3m

N. C. BROGANS.
Just received from the Factory, two cases of heavy N. C. BROGANS, warranted *whole Leather and all Leather*, and offered as low as the same quality can be sold any where.
Merchants will please call and see them and encourage Home Work.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
Sept. 13—2w. Agent.

J. P. DILLINGHAM,
Commission and Forwarding Merchant,
COR. SOUTH FRONT AND MIDDLE STREET,
(*Old stand of W. P. Moore, Esq.*)
NEWBERN, N. C.
Prompt attention given to all orders for Corn, Fish, &c. Consignments of Produce and Manufactures solicited.
REFERENCES:
W. P. Moore, Esq.,
A. T. Jerkins, Esq.,
Disosway, Guion & Co.,
R. H. Rountree.
Newbern.
Sept. 12—38-1m

FOR SALE.
White GOOSE FEATHERS, and another lot of Factory CHEESE.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sept. 19—37-tf Wholesale Grocers.

SUGARS! SUGARS!!
A SELECTED STOCK received to-day, consisting of
10 bbls. Common Sugar.
20 " Porto Rico "
25 " Crushed A B and C Sugars.
Which will be sold at lowest market price.
ALSO
50 bbls. Flour, of all grades.
Sept 20—38-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

FRESH MOUNTAIN BUTTER.
Just received and for sale by
Sept. 18—36-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

TAYLOR, MARTIN & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, IRON, STEEL, BELTING, PACKING,
WAGON MATERIAL, &c.
CORNER MAIN STREET AND MARKET SQUARE,
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.
Sept. 10—30-3m

W. E. BENBURY,
OF NORTH CAROLINA, WITH
W. R. C. LAND,
DEALER IN
LUMBER, LIME, COAL, WOOD, HAY, S

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A square will be hereafter estimated at 13 minion lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	6,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 10 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to encease the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1867.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Mackerel and Family Flour: B. P. Williamson & Co., Fayetteville Street.

Labor Saving Pump, &c: Mitchell, Allen, & Co., Newbern.

Situation wanted as Salesman in a Wholesale Dry Goods House: Address J. O. B, *Sentinel* Office.

A variety of useful Household necessities: Pulliam, Jones & Co.

James Gordon & Co., Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va., will give strict attention to the sale of Cotton and all other produce, and to the purchase of Plantation supplies. This is one of the very oldest houses in Norfolk, and has always maintained the highest reputation. There could be no stronger evidence of its perfect responsibility, in many respects, than the list of references which is given.

FAIRY LAND.—Remember that Prof. St. Maur commences his series of brilliant entertainments in Magic and Ventriloquism at Tucker Hall, this evening. In the latter department, especially, he is said to be unrivalled, while his exploits in the former line are described as wonderful and puzzling.—His exhibitions are of an elevated order, and he comes to this City with the highest recommendations as a gentleman. Particulars are given in the small bills, which will be circulated through the City this morning.

THE FIRST BALE.—HANDSOME PRIZE.—The first bale of new Cotton received in Petersburg from North Carolina, and which was grown by our energetic friend, Dr. W. R. Miller, of this county, has been acknowledged by a handsome present gotten up by Todd, Pugh & Co., the enterprising Commission Merchants to whom the cotton was sent. These gentlemen, as we learn from the *Express*, purchased a magnificent water pitcher and waiter, with the following inscription elegantly engraved thereon:

"TODD, PUGH & Co.,
TO
DR. W. R. MILLER, OF WAKE, N. C.,
FOR
FIRST BALE COTTON, SEPT. 18, 1867."

The gift is richly embossed, engine turned and engraved. It will be forwarded immediately to its destination.

The prize cotton was sold to Messrs. Davis, Roper & Co., for thirty *cents per pound*, and will be manufactured at their extensive mills. Well done for Petersburg! This is the highest price yet paid for new cotton in any market, so far as we have seen.

STATE TAXES.—We learn that the Public Treasurer is in daily receipt of letters from the Sheriffs and others, begging longer indulgence in the payment of the public taxes. This indulgence, we know, he would gladly give, if he had discretion, but the law gives none and he has no authority for extending the time.

When the evidence is palpable that the people have not the money and *cannot* obtain it, as in many cases is doubtless true in this State, of course it is perfectly plain that any future Legislature will not hold an officer responsible for delinquency in such cases. If half the property in some of our Counties was exposed to public sale for taxes, it is probable it would not bring enough in cash to pay the taxes.

MR. JOHN ROBINSON.—We learn that Mr. Robinson, the proprietor of Robinson's Great Circus, which is to exhibit in Raleigh next week, is still in the City, and that, with his usual shrewdness, he is looking out for opportunities of safe and profitable investment. He is a man of wealth, and with that keen perception which shrewd busines men always exhibit, he sees there is no safer investment for greenbacks, than in real estate. We should be glad to see the number of monied men increase among us, holding such views.

OUR COTEMPORARY, the Editor of the Wilmington *Journal*, says, of his recent visit to this City, that he saw but few evidences of improvement, besides Tucker Hall, which he praises highly and deservedly. Our friend did not look closely. The City, we think, is full of improvement.—Why, there is the brick row on Market Square, the new Bank completed, the new store of Pulliam, Jones & Co., (which is going up like a magic under the energetic auspices of Capt. Allen,) the new stores on either side of Tucker Hall just beginning, the Exchange partially rebuilt on Hillsboro' Street, and a general painting and furbishing up in various parts of the City! The next time you come, friend Engelhard, stay longer with us. You can't see *all* our improvements in simply a day or two!

DEATH OF A NEWSPAPER.—The *Union Republican*, a violent Radical sheet hitherto published in this city, died suddenly on Tuesday last, at the hand of the Sheriff, "unwept, unhonored and unsung." The material and other effects will be sold at auction on Saturday for the benefit of the creditors of the deceased.—*Norfolk Virginian.*

A CALL UPON RESPECTABLE REPUBLICANS.—Now is the time for respectable Republicans to come out and proclaim their opposition to the Radical party that is ruining the country.—*N. Y. Herald.*

STATE ITEMS.

——An appeal has been issued to the loyal Conservative citizens of Wayne to meet in Convention, on Wednesday next, in Goldsboro, for the purpose of electing Delegates to a State Convention, to be held in this City, on the 16th. of October,—if, after consultation, it shall be deemed advisable to hold one at that time. Our Wayne friends are fully alive. They have registered promptly and are now ready to go to work.

The *Star*, alluding to the recent town meeting in Goldsboro', says:

"Not a colored man was present—some were expected to attend—they chose not to do so; if they had, they would have been treated with respect, and their co-operation with us would not have been objected to.—We trust the Conservative party throughout the State will, in issuing calls for meetings, do as we of Goldsboro' have done—address themselves to the Conservative citizens—it is understood by this, that *all* are invited. In this way, the doors are thrown open to *all* voters—all freemen, and if the call is not recognized by our colored friends, they say by their action, that they are not of us, and the odium, or consequences, of creating a white man's party and a black man's party, will fall upon their own shoulders. If we recognize the black man, we have done our duty—we do not feel called upon to issue special tickets to any one class of persons—it would be beneath the dignity of a free people to pander to the whims of a deluded, ignorant set, who prefer to follow the enemies of civil government, and the sworn enemies of constitutional liberty."

——There are eighty-two pupils in attendance at Warrenton Female College.

——Rev. C. F. Bansemer, of Augusta, Ga., has been elected President of the "North Carolina College," (located at Mount Pleasant, N. C.,) has accepted the position, and will enter upon the duties of his office in October. Mr. Bansemer is said to be a gentleman of high intellectual endowments.

——The Rutherford *Star* (Radical) has vanished from the political horizon. In other words, it has been discontinued, for want of patronage. Where is McPherson?

—— Mr. Samuel Hall, one of the gentlemen from Fayetteville, recently arraigned before the Military Commission in this City, in connection with the Bebee case, passed through Wilmington, on Thursday, *en route* for Fayetteville. He has passed seven weeks in Fort Macon, but has been transferred to confinement at Fayetteville, by permission of Gen. Canby, in order that he may have an opportunity of being near his venerable father, who is extremely ill. The *Journal* says that Mr. Hall "speaks in the highest terms of the kindness of the Commandant of Fort Macon, whom he declares to be a gentleman, a fact evidenced by his humane and delicate treatment of the prisoners in his charge."

——J. A. Jetton, of Lincolnton, through the *Courier*, makes mention of a grape, which he has named the "Fanny Hoke," and which he thinks is "far superior to any of the numerous family of grape he has ever seen." The flavor is very fine, somewhat like that of the strawberry, and the yield is most abundant.

——The Wadesboro *Argus* intimates that since the late nomination of candidates for the Convention, by the "League," in that county, the Radicals there are hopelessly split up. It says:

"Just as we were getting our form to press last Wednesday, we learned that Maj. W. J. Boggan, who had been acting for some time with the "Loyal" or "Union Leaguers," had taken the stand during the recess of the court, and was denouncing the whole concern and making an *expose* of their signs, &c. We could not make it convenient to be present, but we learn from several who were, that he made a clean breast of it, showing up the aims and objects of the Leaguers, and the manner in which they were hamboozling the negroes to get their votes. While the negroes were *sworn to secrecy* and taught to believe that they belonged to a secret association formed for their benefit, the whole secret work of the order was scrupulously withheld from them, and they were left on to do one act after another with promises that it should be entrusted to them. A few white folks were keeping it all among themselves. Is this not a slavery worse than that of the body from which the deluded creatures have just been released?

The Major could not swallow the nominations made last Tuesday, and hence his "bolting." Others are following him in leaving the order."

THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The condition of the University of North Carolina is such as to appeal with melancholy and peculiar force to all the friends of learning in that noble old State. Indeed, no one with the least pretensions to a liberal education can entertain the idea of its decay without a feeling of unaffected sorrow. And when we remember how strong an element State pride is in the North Carolina character, we are emboldened to hope that the University may yet weather the storm, and, like a great argosie, sail onward with her sails set to leave the blessings of a liberal culture in her wake.

Holding these views and entertaining such a hope, we are heartily glad to hear our cotemporary, the Raleigh *Sentinel*, urging the importance of "personal and urgent appeals" to the people of the State to establish their University on a sure and solid basis. It will require probably $250,000 to do this, and when we compare the sum needed with the object in view we cannot doubt the success of the enterprise, if pushed forward with vigor. The *Sentinel* says:

"Every North Carolinian, whether found in New York, Massachusetts, or the Great West, or in the South as far as Texas, or beyond the Mountains as far as California, will be glad to contribute his dollar, or $5, or $10, or $20, or $100, or 1,000, for the grandeur and glory of his native old North State."

We feel satisfied that our cotemporary is right, and we venture to say that when the canvass begins the North Carolinians in Norfolk will not be oblivious to the claims of their native State.—*Norfolk Journal.*

TELEGRAPHIC.

Saturday Evening Dispatches.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21, M.

It is urged upon Gen. Hancock, at headquarters, that there is no immediate necessity of his presence in the Fifth Military District.

The President expresses confidence that, notwithstanding present appearances, the elections in the South will occur simultaneously.

A dispatch to the *Tribune*, from North Platte, says that peace has been declared with the Brules, Ogalelles and Sioux Indians. They receive powder and ball.

Great fears are felt for the safety of a party of engineers between Fort Smith and Virginia City. The Indians have notified the contractors that the Railroad shall not be built beyond Fort Hayes.

There is great excitement along the track. The laborers are leaving.

ELECTION REGULATIONS.

RICHMOND, Sept. 21,—M.

Gen. Schofield, this morning, issued an order that the ballots of the white and the colored voters, in the coming elections, be taken separately. In every District of 500 votes, three persons shall assist the registration officer in receiving the votes and where there are more than 500, six persons shall assist,—all being previously sworn to an impartial discharge of their duties, and shall be selected from the registered voters of their district.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21, M.

Cotton dull. Upland 28.

Turpentine, 50½. Common Rosin $4½.

Gold $1,43.

Monday Morning Dispatches.

YELLOW FEVER.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 21. P. M.

The interments to six this morning were 61.—The *Picayune* to-day says the disease is wider, and the number of cases much greater, than it has been during the epidemic, but, owing to the milder type of the disease, the mortality is comparatively small.

VIRGINIA CANDIDATES.

RICHMOND, Sept 21—P. M.

The first nominations, by the Republicans for the State Convention, were made to-day in Hanover county, being Wm. James late Revenue Collector and Jno. B. Chrenshaw, a Quaker minister.

The City politicians are holding meetings to make nominations All the names, so far publicly mentioned, are those of persons who have become residents since the war ended.

FIRES.

ST. PIERRE, Sept. 17, P. M.

A fire occurred last night which destroyed 200 houses. No lives were lost.

BOSTON, Sept. 21, P. M.

The Mount Hope Iron Works on Taunton River, covering three acres, have been burned. Loss $150,000, mostly insured. The works employed 250 men.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21—P. M.

A suggestive question has arisen in the city council. The lower board, which went in on negro votes, gives the collector of taxes, who went in with them, two per cent.

The upper board, which was elected by the white vote, on account of holding over, have a majority in favor of one per cent. A committee of conference was appointed, which fixed the commission at one and a half per cent. The upper board refuses to concur, and the city finances are at a stand still.

Another year will give the black radicals the upper House, when their friends can have remunerative commissions.

Gen. Sheridan is summoned and will testify before the Paymaster Fraud Committee. It is expected that his evidence will throw some light on the Lowenthal complications.

The *Star* says it learns that Sickles has a letter from Gov. Orr, expressing gratitude in behalf of the people of South Carolina for what Sickles did for them during his rule.

Receipts for customs during the week, ending 14th, $3,342,000.

Federal Court processes are regularly executed in the Second District.

The *Star* says it is understood that Hancock will not assume command of the Fifth Military District until the 15th prox.

COTTON REGULATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21—P. M.

The tax on cotton, produced in the United States, is 2½ cents per pound. Cotton properly assessed and returned prior to September 1st is subject to 3 cents per pound. Cotton removed under bond, prior to September 1st, is taxed 3 cents. The tax is a lien on the cotton until the tax is paid.

Class A: Cotton upon which tax is paid.

Class B: Cotton removed from district of production—tax unpaid.

Class C: Cotton removed from point to point in district where produced, before payment of tax

Cotton must be described by these designations on bills of lading, way-bills, manifests and permits.

The use of metallic tags in making cotton will hereafter be required in all cases,—the tags to be furnished Assessors by the Department.

[Here follow instructions to Assessors concerning the manner and order of using tags, and other details, all of which we will publish, for the benefit of our readers, as soon as they are received in a more perfect form than by telegraph.—*Sentinel.*]

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21—P. M.

Cotton a shade lower. Sales 800 bales 24@24½.

Flour dull. State superfine $8@9,50. Extra $9,75@10,40. Choice $10,50@10,90.

Corn, Western, mixed $1,26@1,28.

Mess pork $23,75@24.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 21, P. M

Wheat firm, prime to choice red $2,50@2,70.

Corn, white $1,26@1,32.

Bacon steady, shoulders 14½.

Mess Pork 25.

Cotton dull

WILMINGTON, Sept. 21, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine weak, 54. Rosin quiet $3,25@7.

DIED:

In Chapel Hill, on Friday, the 20th inst., Miss SUSAN C. BATTLE, daughter of Judge Battle, in the 38th year of her age.

SPECIAL NOTICES

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL.
Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY RECEIPTS OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.

July 11-297-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

CORN! CORN! CORN!

Constantly arriving and for sale by

Sept. 16—34 tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Price of Cotton Gins Reduced!

THE GEORGIA COTTON GIN AT $4,50 PER SAW.

THE MANUFACTURERS OF THE ABOVE Gins having reduced the price to four and a half dollars per Saw, we are prepared to receive orders for the coming season at this price. This Gin has been favorably known for many years, as the Taylor (Columbus, Georgia) Gin, and now as "THE GEORGIA GIN."—one of the best in the market. MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.

Aug. 27—17-tf Newbern, N. C.

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS FOR 1867.

Old Prices Reached the City and Stopped at

A. CREECH'S,

R. SMITH'S CORNER,

Fayetteville Street.

I AM NOW RECEIVING MY FALL AND WINTER Stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

And I can say, with safety, that I have one among the largest and most complete stocks that has ever been brought to this City, either before or since the war,—embracing almost any and everything suitable for Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear.

CALICOES, 10, 12½, 15, and 18 cents per yard.

FRENCH MERINOS, 75 cts. to $1,25 per yard.

DELAINES, POPLINS, and a great variety of other Dress Goods, embracing all the new novelties of the season, and will be sold cheap enough to insure sales.

BROWN DOMESTICS, 12½, 15 and 20 cts. per yard.

BLEACHED DOMESTICS, 12½, 15, 20 and 25 cts. per yard, and all other goods in proportion.

Also, the largest and most varied stock of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
SATINETS,
TWEEDS,
AND KENTUCKY JEANS

I ever offered to the trade in this City, both as to price and quality.

Also a very fine assortment of White and Colored FLANNELS,

LADIES' CLOAKS,
BREAKFAST SHAWLS,
SQUARE AND LONG SHAWLS,

which will be sold at prices to suit my customers.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED HATS,—new styles, from 50 cents to $4,00 each.

Boots and Shoes, Boots and Shoes.

The largest and best stock I ever brought to the City, consisting, in part, of J. Miles & Sons' make and others of equally high standing.

Ladies' Pegged Balmorals, from $1 to $3.

Ladies Sewed Balmorals, from $1,50 to $3,50.

CREECH'S is the place to come to buy your Boots and Shoes.

Hats, Hats, Hats,

From 75 cts. to $4,00. Don't stop until you come to CREECH'S to buy your Hats. In fact, I think I can meet the expectations of all my customers and the public generally, both as to price and quality of ALL Goods.

Now a few words to my customers and friends: You see a great many different styles of advertisements. Some say they are in "luck again;" some say they have "hit the nail on the head;" some "selling out at cost;" some to "make room for a new stock;" some one thing and some another. But allow me to say, whether I am in luck, or whether I hit the nail on the head, or whether I missed the nail entirely, or failed to advertise "selling out at cost," *I have sold out my old stock*, (while *they* are still hammering away over their old stock,) and have been North and bought a new stock. My goods are now in Store, and opened for inspection.

COME AND LOOK AT THEM.

I told my customers, six months ago, that I would sell goods as cheap as Yankee, Jew or Gentile, and I think I have made my word good.

I told the people to come to Creech's to buy their goods, that I would serve them right. Hundreds have come, and they are still coming from this and adjoining Counties. And I here take the privilege to say I think they have shown their good judgment.

Don't forget to come to

A. CREECH'S,
Sept. 12—32-tf Fayetteville Street.

Coming!

COMING!!

COMING!!!

Fall is Coming!

WINTER IS COMING

AND SO ARE

FALL AND

WINTER GOODS!!

Of every Description!

And, what is better than all,

PRICES ARE COMING DOWN!!

At

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

No. 16 Fayetteville St.

Sept. 13—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BEAUTIFUL FLOWERS.

WE HAVE FOR SALE, CHEAP, A SMALL collection of choice and beautiful Green House Plants, consisting of the rarest Geraniums, &c., &c. They are in flower-pots, and are in a fine, thrifty condition. They were cultivated by the fair hands of a beautiful and accomplished Florist, and may consequently be relied on as being rare specimens. Buy them, young gentlemen, as presents for your lady-loves.

Sept. 20—38-tf JENKINS & PERRY.

DOTY'S WASHING MACHINE,

AND THE

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER.

THE BEST AND ONLY WASHING MACHINE AND WRINGER THAT HAS BEEN FULLY TESTED IN THIS PLACE.

THESE MACHINES have been used for some time, in the family of the Secretary of the State and the Senior Editor of the *Sentinel*, and, I am authorized to state, have given entire satisfaction. These Machines are patented, and persons using any other Machines like them are liable to be prosecuted. Persons wishing to purchase can get one on trial.

Do not be induced, by any kind of representation, to buy a Machine, until you examine these.

Sept. 12—32-tf D. C. MURRAY, Agent.

FOR RENT.

A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE on Fayetteville Street, between the Yarborough House and the Governor's Mansion—an excellent place for a private Boarding House. Enquire at the Book Store of

Sept. 16—34-2w WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

FINANCIAL CIRCULAR.

THOS. BRANCH & Co., Richmond, Va.	BRANCH, SONS & Co. Augusta, Ga.

REPORTED BY

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

Bankers and Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Bank of Cape Fear	36½
" Charlotte	25
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	16½
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington	18
" " at Graham	24
" North Carolina	48
" Rexboro'	5
" Thomasville	55
" Wadesborough	24
" Washington	12
" Wilmington	25
" Yanceyville	11
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	24
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina	27
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	58
Miners' and Planters' Bank	35

We pay corresponding high prices for other Bank notes.

Prices liable to change and pay the best rate the day received.

Packages received by Express and remitted for promptly in Currency or New York funds, free of cost.

July 18-293-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26)	G. B. 45
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	23
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	50
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	50
" Wilmington	22
" Commerce	14
" Washington	12
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	32
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	22
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	140
Silver	132
Old Coupons	47
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	97½
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	46c
" Cape Fear	26½
" Charlotte	25
" Wadesboro	24½
" Wilmington	25
" Roxboro	65
" Thomasville	65
" Lexington at Graham	24
" " Lexington	18
" Commerce	16½
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10½
" Washington	12
" Yanceyville	11
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	27
Miners and Planters' Bank	35
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	24
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

July 25-208-3m*

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JENKINS & PERRY, GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH, N. C.

BACON	17@23
" BALT. & WESTERN	17@20
BEEF ON HOOF	5@6
" NETT	10@12
BUTTER	35@40
COTTON	20@00
CHICKENS, Spring	20@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	25@30
EGGS	20@25
FLOUR	10@17
FODDER	1 20
HERRINGS	$6 50@12
HIDES—Green	10c pr. lb.
" Dry	12½
HAY	75@81 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 40@1 60
MOLASSES	75
NAILS	14@16
OATS—Shuck	1 40@1 50
POTATOES—Irish	0 00@0 00
" Sweet	1@1 50
RAGS	4@5
SALT	4 00@4 25
SUGAR	15@25
TALLOW	10
VINEGAR	50@75

REMARKS.

Very little Cotton being brought to market and dull at above quotations.

Flour steady.

Supply of Bacon equal to demand and prices a shade lower.

NORFOLK MARKET.

REPORTED WEEKLY FOR THE RALEIGH SENTINEL BY COWAND AND HARRISS,

General Commission Merchants, 26 Commerce Street.

NORFOLK, VA., Sept. 19th, 1867.

SPIRITS—Gold, buying $1.45; selling $1.45 Silver, buying $1.32; selling $1.35.

BEEF—Family $22; No. 1 $28; Prime $22.

BACON—Hog round, Va. Sides 17@18; shoulders 16.

COTTON—Middling 24; Low Middling 23; Ordinary 20.

CORN—White $1 10, Mixed $1.08; Yellow $1.05.

FLOUR—Family $14@15; superfine $10@12.

GUANO—Peruvian $65 cash

LARD—14@16.

LIME—W. City $2; Rockland $1.50@1.75; Rockport $1.50.

MEAL—$1.25.

OATS—45c.

PORK—Mess $27@27.50; Prime $22.50.

STAVES—W. O. Pipe $90@100; Culls $45@50; Heading $60; Culls $32.50; Hhds $65; Culls $33; R. O. Hhds. $42.50; Culls $26.

SHINGLES—Hearts $11.50@13.75; Saps $8.50@10.25.

TAR—Per bbl. $2.50@2.75.

Wheat—White $2.00@2.40; Red $1.75@2.40.

Petersburg Markets.

Cotton, 21@23.

Tobacco (Lugs,) $3.50@$31, according to quality.

" Leaf $8.50@$175.

Corn, $1@$1.07.

Bacon: Va., 17@18, hog round, Western Shoulders 15@16; Sides 17@18.

Flour, $9@$14, according to quality.

Salt, $3 25@$3,50.

Richmond Markets.

Wheat, $1,75@$2,35.

Corn, $1,05@$1,07.

Tobacco, Lugs, $3@$45.

" Leaf, $7@$200.

Newbern Markets.

Flour, $10@$17.

Pork, (Mess,) $24@$27.

Hams, (N. C.) 16@18c.

Corn $1,15.

Cotton, (Tax unpaid,) 18c

Turpentine $2,25@$3,50.

(The Wilmington Markets are generally reported by telegraph. The foregoing are all regularly corrected.]

MEDICINES, &C.

THE BEST

BLOOD PURIFIER

In the World,

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS.

READ THE FOLLOWING

HOME CERTIFICATES

From Physicians.

We hereby certify that the Rosadalis is prepared by a Physician, who is an experienced Pharmaceutist and Chemist, and that his remedy is an efficient and reliable one in SCROFULA, Syphilis, &c., it having performed some remarkable cures in this vicinity.

W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.
A. W. KING, M. D.,

Wilson, N. C., February 4th, 1866.

We, hereby certify that in regard Dr. Lawrence's Compound Extract of Rosadalis as a Reliable Alterative, &c

A. D. HOOKE, M. D.,
L. A. SMITH, M. D.

Wilson, N. C., May 10, 1867.

Edgecombe County, N. C., May 23d, 1867.

DR. J. J. LAWRENCE, *Dear Sir*:—Please send me immediately per Express to Tarboro, two dozen more bottles of your Rosadalis. I have carefully examed its Formula, and have used it in my practice in a number of cases. I am well pleased with it. I think it, beyond doubt, the best Alterative I ever used. I have tried it in several cases of Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, &c., with much satisfaction to myself and patients. I have also used it in Secondary and Tertiary Syphilis, (one a terrible case of eight years' standing,) in which it acted with surprising and satisfactory effect—making a quick and thorough cure. I have, therefore, no hesitation in recommending it to Physicians and others, as the most reliable Alterative now known.

Respectfully yours, &c.,

A. D. NOBLES, M. D.

A Wonderful Cure of Scrofulous White Swelling.

HOME CERTIFICATE.

I hereby certify, that last September I was attacked with White Swelling of the left knee—and also with an enlargement of the glands of the neck—[one tumor reached a large size.] The swelling of the knee was enormous, and was attended with the most excruciating pains. I was so reduced that I was confined to my room over three months. My leg was so completely drawn up, that I could not bend it at all. I tried various remedies, and they failed to give me any relief. I was in this condition when I commenced taking Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis. The swelling in the knee and neck began to subside before I took all of the first bottle. By the time I took the second bottle, the swelling of the neck entirely disappeared and that of the knee nearly so. After taking three bottles I found myself completely well—able to walk as well as ever, &c.

LATIMER WILLIAMS.

Wilson, May 12, 1867.

Rosadalis will cure the very worst cases of Chronic Rheumatism.

HOME CERTIFICATE.

Wilson, N. C., May 6th, 1867.

I hereby certify that I was cured of long standing Chronic Rheumatism, by taking four bottles of Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis.

JAMES WILLIS.

Rosadalis cures Carbuncles, Boils, Pimples, &c.

Certificate from an old and much respected citizen of Greene County, now a resident of Wilson, N. C.

I hereby certify that, during the summer and fall of 1866, that I was severely afflicted with Carbuncles—having had as many as fourteen large Carbuncles, and twelve ordinary Boils. I suffered so much from them that I could not get out of the house half the time for several months. Being induced to try Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis, I was entirely cured by the use of one bottle of that truly valuable medicine.

W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.

Wilson, May 11th, 1867.

Consumption, in its Early Stages, can be Cured.

BALTIMORE, MD., March 4th, 1867.

Dear Dr. Lawrence:—My daughter having been cured of a deeply seated disease of the lungs by your "Rosadalis," I feel it my duty to make the fact known to you for the benefit of others. She suffered nealy two years with a hard cough, which troubled her day and night; at last the emaciated form, glossy eye, night sweats, together with the cough, told too plainly that it was *consumption*, beyond question, eating at her vitals. Our Physician's remedies brought no relief. She was advised to try your Rosadalis, as a tonic—which she did—imagine my surprise and gratification, when I found her appetite returning. Slowly she regained her strength, her cough and night sweats gradually ceased, and she is now, after taking five bottles of your medicine, apparently as well as ever.

Yours respectfully,

MRS. E. ANN SMITH.

Rosadalis cures all Skin Diseases.

Salt Rheum Cured! Remarkable Cure!!

DR. LAWRENCE, Wilson, N. C.:

My Dear Sir:—For the last ten years (until recently) I suffered with an inveterate eruption of the skin—called by physicians "Salt Rheum," with which I suffered terribly; the pain and itching was almost intolerable. I tried several of the best physicians in Europe and this country—have visited several celebrated Springs—spent thousand of dollars—and failed to get any better. In December 1866, being in Charleston S. C., I was told by a gentleman at the hotel, that he had been cured of a bad letter by a medicine called "Rosadalis." I resolved to try it, without any hope though of its doing me any good. I procured a bottle of Messrs. King & Cassidey, and commenced taking it. Finding, to my surprise, that I was improving, I bought four other bottles; but before commencing on the last two, I found I was completely well—the disease having entirely disappeared.

Enclosed find "One Hundred Dollars," which please accept as a token of my gratitude. Why do you not make your invaluable Rosadalis widely known?

Your sincere friend,

W. T. SELTZER.

NOTICE.

Major John W. Dunham, one of the editors of the Wilson "North Carolinian," says in the issue of the 20th April, 1867: "I believe from personal experience, that the Rosadalis is the most tonic ever prepared."

Beware of Counterfeits.

See that J. J. LAWRENCE & CO., is blown on the bottle and stamped on the cork.

All Letters of Inquiry, &c., promptly answered.

Address

DR. J. J. LAWRENCE,
Wilson, N. C.

Sent anywhere by Express on receipt of price.

For sale by

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD,
Druggists, Raleigh, N. C.

September 7—ewGm.

THE LAST GREAT SENSATION

AND MONSTER COMBINATION OF ZOOLOGICAL, ORNITHOLOGICAL AND EQUESTRIAN

WONDERS OF CREATION.

Raleigh, Tuesday and Wednesday, October 1st and 2nd, 1867.

JOHN ROBINSON'S

GREAT COMBINATION

CIRCUS & MENAGERIE,

Forming a Grand Stock Enterprise, consolidating

TEN SHOWS

Of first-class selection, in one grand alliance, producing the most stupendous display of Wealth, Talent and Experience ever seen in this country.

THE MAMMOTH

ZOOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT

Is composed of the curious and rare

Animals of Asia, Africa, and South America.

Including Ornithological selections of the most beautiful specimens of FOREIGN BIRDS, forming the most extensive collection of

WILD ANIMALS

IN THE COUNTRY, supported by the

Largest Company of Equestrians

IN AMERICA, numbering

150 MEN AND 250 HORSES,

INCLUDING

FIFTY PERFORMERS,

Five Lady Equestriennes,

Three Popular Clowns,

Enabling the management to produce

STARTLING ACTS OF HORSEMANSHIP,

DARING GYMNASTIC EXERCISES,

SPECTACLES OF ORIENTAL GRANDEUR,

With the most dazzling splendor.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

President	JOHN ROBINSON.
Superintendent	J. F. ROBINSON, Jr.
Business Manager	W. H. ROGERS.
Secretary	JAMES ROBINSON
Treasurer	G. N. ROBINSON.

FEATURES OF THE TEN SHOWS.

In the Zoological Department, will be found a herd of TAPIRS, a fleet of AUSTRALIAN EMEUS, a herd of PORCUPINES, the performing Elephant "EMPRESS," introduced by Mr. Johnson.

Prominent among the attractive talent of the Arena are such Artists as

M'LLE ALICE, M'LLE FRANCES,
MADAME MARGARET,
MADAME GERTRUDE,
MR. JOHN WILSON,
MR. JOHN ROBINSON,
MR. J. McDONOUGH,
MR. GEORGE SLOMAN,
JEAN JOHNSON,
JOS. OSBORNE,
H. BERNARD,

MR. G. N. ROBINSON, MR. ANDREW RENTZ, MR. JOHN LOWLOW, the American Humorist and Polite Local Clown; MR. FRANK ROBINSON, Clown par excellence and Modern Grimaldi; MR. ABRAM CAMPBELL, Time-honored dispenser of Wit and Humor; The Nonpareil Lewis, MR. LEWIS WELLS.

GRAND GRATUITOUS EXHIBITION.

A Gorgeous Ancient Pageant—The Grand Chariot of Mars, Oberon and Achilles; Living Lions in open Dens of Gold and Bronze; Knights and Gladiators, in Armor of Ancient Romans, as escort to the glittering and costly Oriental Equipages. This grand and imposing Procession will be preceded by the Chariot of Oberon, containing

THOS. CANHAM'S

Operatic Silver and String Orchestra,

Of Twenty First-class Musicians.

TWO PERFORMANCES—At 2 and 7 o'clock. The Procession will enter the city at 9:30 o'clock.

Admission 75 cents.

B. M. STEVENS,
Sept. 18—36-4d General Agent.

WILL EXHIBIT AT

Wilson,	Monday,	Sept.	23rd.
Smithfield,	Tuesday,	"	24th.
Goldsboro',	Wednesday,	"	25th.
Newbern,	Thurs and Fri.	"	26, 27th.
Kinston,	Saturday,	"	28th.
Selma,	Monday,	"	30th.

THE SENTINEL.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1867.

DEAD VIOLETS.

Let them lie—ah, let them lie!
Plucked flowers—dead to-morrow;
Lift the lid up quietly,
As you'd lift the mystery
Of a buried sorrow.

Let them lie—the fragrant things,
All their scents these giving;
Let no breeze's ambient wings,
And no useless water-springs,
Mock them into living.

They have lived—they live no more!
Nothing can requite them
For the gentle life they bore,
Which to up-yield is full store,
It did so delight them.

Yes, I ween, flower-corses fair,
'Twas a joyful yield;
Like some soul heroic rare,
That leaps boldly forth in air
For its loved one's shielding.

Surely, ye were glad to die
In the hand that slew ye;
Glad to leave the open sky,
And the airs that wandered by,
And the bees that knew ye.

Giving up a small earth-place,
And a day of blooming,
Here to lie in narrow space,
Smiling in the smileless face
With such sweet perfuming.

O ye little violets, dead!
Coffined from all gazes,
We will also smile and shed
Out of heart-flowers withered
Perfume of sweet praises.

And as ye, for this poor sake,
Love with life are buying,
So, I doubt not, One will make
All our gathered flowers to take
Richer scents though dying.

[*Chambers' Journal.*

The parish clerk of a village church in Gloucestershire, England, being desirous of marking his sense of the honor done to the village by the bishop of the diocese preaching a sermon in the church, took upon himself to alter the psalm to be sung on the occasion. Immediately before his reverence ascended the pulpit, the worthy clerk thus gave out the psalm in the broad Gloucestershire dialect: "Let us zing to the prayze an' glawry o' God, dree vusses 'to the hundred an' vourteen zaam—a version 'specially 'dapted to the 'casion by myself:"

FIRST VERSE.

Why hop ye so, ye little, little hills,
And what var do 'e skip?
Is it 'cause you'm proud to see
His Grace, the Lard Bishop!

SECOND VERSE.

Why skip ye so, ye little, little hills,
And what var do 'e hop?
Is it a 'cause to preach to we
Is com'd the Laird Bishop!

THIRD VERSE.

Ecod—he is com'd to preach to we,
Then let us all strike up,
An' zing a glawrious song o' prayze,
An' bless the Lard Bishop!

"Madam," said a husband to his young wife, in a little altercation which will spring up in the best regulated families, "when a man and his wife have quarrelled, and each considers the other at fault, which of the two ought to advance toward a reconciliation?" "The best natured and wisest of the two," said the wife, putting up her mouth for a kiss, which was given with unction. She was the conqueror.

A colored preacher at the South recently said in a prayer: "O Lord, be pleased to shake your great table-cloth over your hungry children dat dey may be fed with the crumbs of your love." Another, preaching at Port Hudson, used the following illustration: "De whole of God's relation to us am like de wheel. De Lord Jesus Christ am de hub, de Christians am de spokes, and de tire am de grace of God a binding dem all together; and de nearer we get to de hub, de nearer we get to each other."

A gentleman remarked that ——, who used to be given to sharp practice, was getting more circumspect. "Yes," replied Judge Hoar, of Massachusetts, "he has reached the superlative of life—he began by seeking to get on, then he sought to get honor, and now he is trying to get honest."

We hope no one will read the following conundrum, which was asked by a young lady not long since, at a wedding party, but those who are married, or who expect to be, in a short time. We suppose the marriage caused her to think of such things:

Q. What kind of tea does a baby generally prefer?
A. Tt.

TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.

THE RE-BUILDING of the Bridge over Walnut Creek, on the Goldsboro Road, will be let out to the lowest bidder on Saturday, the 28th of September, at 10 o'clock. Specifications made known at the time.

W. H. HOLLEMAN, } Committee.
JEFF FISHER. }

Sept. 19—37-td

THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER.

This Portable, Self-Acting Fire Engine

IS OFFERED TO THE Public as a ready, certain and speedy means of preventing LARGE CONFLAGRATIONS.

Until the invention of the

Portable, Self-Acting Fire Engine,

Fires have been met by means too slow, too and too cumbrous. But few persons in this country have the advantage of large hand or Steam Fire Engines, and those few often suffer a total loss of their property by reason of the great length of time consumed in sending for and getting them into working order

BUT NOT SO WITH THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER,

which, being kept charged and standing in your House, Store or Factory, is always

Ready for Instant Service.

The fire can be extinguished and your property saved without loss or damage, or even an alarm of Fire.

The first few minutes of conflagration decide the fate of the property; "a little fire is quickly put out, which, being suffered, rivers cannot quench."

THE EXTINGUISHER, being very simple in its operation, and entirely self-propelling, requires no previous skill or practice to operate it, and being so light, portable and self-acting, is capable of being used in any place, by any person, male or female.

It puts out all fires, arising from whatever cause. You are saved from the immense water damage caused by large Engines.

You can effect insurance on your property

At Lower Rates,

if protected by the Extinguisher.

The Extinguisher is no humbug, as thousands of good men in Europe and America will testify. I have already put these little Engines into some of our best Factories and largest Schools in N. C.

No House, Store, Factory, or Corporation is safe without them.

The price is as nothing, compared with the protection they afford.

Send for a Circular,

LEWIS C. HANES,
General Agent for N. C.,
Lexington, N. C.

Messrs. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO. are my Agents for the City of Raleigh.

Sept. 10—36-3m L. C. H.

COTTON GIN HORSE POWERS.

WE BEG LEAVE TO INVITE THE ATTENTION OF COTTON PLANTERS TO OUR

IMPROVED EIGHT-FEET STATIONARY POWER

FOR

DRIVING COTTON GINS.

It is SIMPLE, STRONG and COMPACT, and can be easily put together. We sold a large number last season and the demand is constantly increasing.

The following letter from Col. Hood, of Surry County, speaks for itself:

* * * * * It is with much pleasure that I state, your Gin Horse Power bought last season proved an entire success.

I applied a 13 feet lever and 8 feet band wheel to a 45 saw Gin, and *our pair of ordinary mules which improved on constant work*, and with slow gait of team gave sufficiency of speed; a capacity to gin about 4,000 per day.

The wear and tear in ginning 60 bales of cotton is not perceivable—do not think it could be estimated at 2 per cent. It was put up and geared by one of the best machinists in the State, who pronounced it superior to any patent he had seen; also, several gentlemen familiar by long use of gins, have examined it and decided to lay aside their old powers and order this pattern of yours.

Yours, most respectfully, WM. H. HOOD.

PRICE, ONLY $65.

EMORY'S COTTON GINS at Manufacturer's price
ENGINES, SAW MILLS, TOBACCO AND COTTON PRESSES,
PLOWS, &c., on hand and made to order at our
ESTABLISHMENT.

TAPPEY, LUMSDEN & CO.,
PETERSBURG, VA.

sept 14—38 1m

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD

AND

NORTH CAROLINA

GRAND TRUNK RAILROAD,

From Charlotte and all Points on the N. Carolina and its Connecting Railroads, to the Seaboard at Newbern and Morehead City.

THE STATE OWNS THREE-FOURTHS OF the North Carolina Railroad and three-fourths of the ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD. This is the

STATE LINE,

To its OWN SEAPORTS and on its OWN ROADS. all other lines are in opposition.

A six per cent dividend on this line will save the people from taxation $295,000 per annum.

Under a resolution of the Stockholders of the N. C. Railroad, all Freights are to go *via* Goldsboro', unless otherwise specially directed by shippers.

When at Goldsboro', you are only sixty miles from the shipping point, instead of one hundred and sixty *via* Weldon, and eighty *via* Wilmington. Our Steamers are equal to any other line, both for Freight and Travel. Time as short as by any other, and as cheap.

THIS is the Line

To ENCOURAGE. You get dispatch, safety, but one handling and less Railroad transportation than by any other line.

Three-fourths of the PROFITS made on this line go directly into the STATE TREASURY, and if encouraged, you will soon be relieved from heavy taxation at least two hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars.

The Railroads composing the N. C. GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY LINE have recently agreed to unite in a

GREAT THROUGH LINE

Route to all the Northern Markets, on equal terms and charges, *via* our own ports to and from the North.

Cars run through to all points without breaking bulk.

For information about shipping, apply to Messrs.

WHEDBEE & DICKINSON, Baltimore.
COCHRAN, RUSSELL & CO., Philadelphia.
BAKER BROTHERS, Boston.
MURRAY & FERRIS, Agents for Murray's North Carolina Steamship Line, New York, and to myself:

J. V. JORDAN,
FREIGHT AGENT,
Newbern, N. C.

Aug. 31—21-tf

☞ Charlotte News, Old North State, Statesville American, and Greensboro' Patriot publish one month, and send bills to office at Newbern.

Notice to Shippers of Freight.

THE SEABOARD INLAND AIR LINE

Via Portsmouth, Va.,

IS THE ONLY **DIRECT LINE** BETWEEN Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and the Carolinas.

It is express in point of speed and safety of Freights, being from

FORTY TO SEVENTY HOURS

in advance of all other lines, and at as low rates.

It offers daily communication with Baltimore, daily communication with Philadelphia.

Five Steamers each week to and from New York

Two Steamers each week to and from Boston.

It is the only line having these advantages, and by which there is but one handling of freight.

Cars are loaded at the wharves in Portsmouth and are run through to destination.

Be careful to direct your Consignors to ship only

From Baltimore, by the Norfolk or Bay Line Steamers, foot of Union Dock.

From Philadelphia by the Annamessic Line, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or by Clyde's Line, 14 South Delaware Avenue.

From New York by the Old Dominion Steamship Line, Pier 37 North River.

From Boston, by the Norfolk Steamship Line, end of Central Wharf.

All losses, damages, or overcharges promptly adjusted on application to

JAS. McCARRICK,
Trace Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

Have your freight marked **Via Portsmouth, Va.**, and in shipping to Philadelphia, marked **Via Clyde's Line**, or **Via Annamessic.**

E. G. GOHO,
Aug. 31—21-2m Sup't Transportation.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R!

We inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Cities, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the ten Thousand Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

R O U T E,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are *required so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!

To insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., *via Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light Street Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Aug 6-305-tf Raleigh, N. C

MISCELLANEOUS.

UNIVERSITY OF LOUISIANA MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—FACULTY.

A. H. CENAS, M. D., Emeritus Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
JAMES JONES, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
WARREN STONE, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
T. G. RICHARDSON, M. D., Professor of Anatomy.
J. W. MALLET Ph. D., Professor of Chemistry.
SAMUEL M. BEMISS, M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine.
STANFORD CHAILLE, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Pathological Anatomy.
FRANK HAWTHORN, M. D., Professor *pro tem.* of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.

DEMONSTRATORS OF ANATOMY.

WM. C. NICHOLS, M. D, C. J. BICKHAM, M. D.

The Thirtieth Annual Course of Instruction in this Institution will begin November 11th and end in the following March. Preliminary lectures will be given daily in the Charity Hospital commencing October 15th, at which time also the new and extensive rooms for Practical Anatomy will be opened. The facilities of the school, heretofore unsurpassed, have, by the liberality of the State Legislature, been greatly increased during the past season, so that now EVERY CHAIR HAS ATTACHED TO IT A PRACTICAL DEPARTMENT, in which students are taught to observe for themselves the facts set forth in the Lecture Room.

Fees for all the Lectures, $140; Matriculation, (paid but once) $5; Practical Anatomy, $10.—Payment required in advance.

For further information address

PROF. S. M. BEMISS,
Sept. 2—22 2m Acting Dean.

A Cheap Cotton Press.

FARMERS, BEFORE YOU BUY A PRESS OR build a Screw, enquire into the merits of the

GODWIN COTTON PRESS.

Hear what the following reliable gentlemen say:

I have seen Mr. J. H. Godwin's Cotton Press work at Mr P. E. Smith's plantation, and it does all that he says it does in his advertisement and more. I think it superior to any other mode of packing Cotton, and saves both time and labor.

W. R. SMITH.

I have used the above mentioned Press, and consider it the best I ever saw for packing Cotton.

THOS. J. VAUGHAN.

I have packed about 100 bales of Cotton with Mr. J. H. Godwin's Cotton Press, and take pleasure in recommending it to the farmers as a great labor-saving machine. It does not cost more than half as much as a Screw, and is worth twice as much.

It is so convenient, and takes fewer hands to do as much work as a Screw. I would pay the price of a Press rather than allow a man to put up a screw on my place for nothing.

D. EDMONDSON.

I have used the above mentioned Cotton Press, and it does better than a Screw. Takes less hands, does not waste Cotton, and is much cheaper.

J. H. CURRY,
Sup't W. H. Smith's Plantation.

I have packed about 70 bales with Godwin's Cotton Press, and am certain it is the best, cheapest, most compact and durable Press in existence, costing only half, at first, and lasting twice as long as a Screw.

PETER E. SMITH,

I have never seen the Cotton Press of Mr. Jno. H. Godwin at work, but have no doubt, from the certificates of the gentlemen above, that it performs all they say of it. I know them to be gentlemen of character and veracity, and that their statements are entitled to credit

RICHARD H. SMITH.

The last name is one of our most honorable and respectable citizens, well known as a former members of the Legislature. I offer this PRESS as combining more advantages for packing than any now in use; it is adapted to large or small farms, and is so simple and cheap, that any good mechanic can build it. It is well adapted to

WATER-POWER.

It is 10 or 11 feet wide, 3 feet and 3 inches thick; top of frame above ground, 16 feet; highest point of Lever, 18 or 19 feet. The platform on which the bale is turned out, is 10 feet above ground.

Length of box, 10 feet in the clear.

Length of bale 5 feet, by 2 feet 4 inches. Weight 500 or 600 lbs. It is put up flat against the Lint Room, thereby preventing the scattering of the Cotton and need of baskets.

The Press is chiefly built of scantlings.

The Inventor has spared no pains in his experiments to make it practicable, convenient and cheap. I charge

$25 for a Single Right.

The total cost including cover and everything, is about $150. Much of that, farmers are not in the habit of including as cost.

I think I can sell county rights at about $10 by the hundred.

For further information address

J. H. GODWIN,
Aug. 31—21-tf Scotland Neck, N. C.

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND,
BALTIMORE, MD.

The Sixtieth Annual Session of the SCHOOL OF MEDICINE, in the University of Maryland, will commence on the 14th of OCTOBER, 1867, and will end on the 1st of MARCH, 1868.

FACULTY OF PHYSIC.

NATHAN R. SMITH, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
WM. E. A AIKIN, M. D., LL. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.
G. W. [illegible], M. D., Professor of Obstetrics.
RICHARD McSHERRY, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Medicine.
CHRISTOPHER JOHNSTON, M. D., Professor of General, Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.
SAMUEL C. CHEW, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
FRANK DONALDSON, M. D., Professor of Physiology, Hygiene and General Pathology.
WM. T. HOWARD, M. D., Professor of Diseases of Women and Children.
JAMES H. BUTLER, M. D., Demonstrator, and Adjunct to the Professor of Anatomy.

The fees for the full course are $130. For Matriculation $5. For Practical Anatomy $10.

The UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL, (or INFIRMARY) attached to the College ranks among the first CLINICAL SCHOOL" in the country. Being the Seamen's Hospital of the port of Baltimore, as well as a civil hospital, it affords a great variety in the forms of disease always under treatment. Surgical Operations, and Clinical Lectures on Surgery, Practical Medicine, and the Diseases of Women and Children, are constituent parts of the daily instruction given by the respective Professors of this Institution.

Students desiring to perfect themselves in *specialities* can take courses of private instruction from Adjuncts attached to the various Chairs.

GEO. W. MILTENBERGER, M. D.,
Sept. 11—31-2w Dean.

CALL EARLY.

We have just received, on Consignment, a lot of BETTINO'S OLD RYE WHISKEY, in 5 and 10 gallon kegs.

Aug. 30—30-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

THE VERY BEST CHEWING TOBACCO, Toilet Soaps, Cigars, Spices, Figs, Nuts and best Candy.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sept. 13, 1867. Wholesale Grocers.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted, &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for —— months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God."

which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such state by the commanding general, giving to each representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on their ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general, within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5 That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office." Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers, and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Rev. R. BURWELL, } Principals.
JOHN B. BURWELL, A. M. }

THE next Session commences on the 1st. day of October and continues until 30th. June, 1868.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to Terms, &c., address,

Rev. R. BURWELL & SON.
Charlotte, July 12-28-3taw1Oct 1.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over!

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

W. H. MORRISS & CO.
April 29-324-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN S. DANCY, of TARBORO, N.C. JOHN H. HYMAN, of SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,
Late of Tarboro, N. C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

No. 24, Exchange Place,
NEW YORK.

Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice.—Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

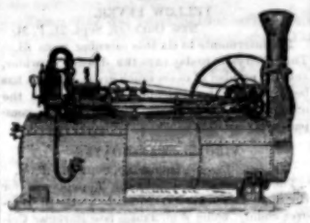
Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.

JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. R. UTLEY.
Feb. 20

MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY
PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS,
ZANESVILLE, OHIO.



DUVALLS' IMPROVED PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. DUVALL'S PREMIUM CORN MILLS AND IMPROVED FLOURING MILLS.

These Engines and Mills have received the first premium over all competitors. They afford the best, cheapest, and most economical power in use and excel in power any Engines made in the Union.

These Engines are fired and thoroughly tested before leaving the works, and are warranted in all respects perfect and ready for immediate use. They are warranted to cut more lumber with less hands and at less expense than any other in the Union.

For descriptions, price lists and other information address.

JOHN B. GRETTER.
Guilford Land Agency,
Greensboro' N. C.
June 26-271-3m Sole Agent for N. C.

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.

No. 33 Warren and 99 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK,

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT.
SPENCER SCOTT, P. M. GARRETT.
May 15-1867

DRY GOODS.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS, PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES, TARLETANS, PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.
April 5-204-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY,

OF NORTH CAROLINA,

BRANCH OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Persons having Agricultural and Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Town Lots and all kinds of real Estate for sale, are respectfully invited to place them in our hands for that purpose, as our facilities for bringing purchasers from Northern States and placing property prominently before the public, through our advertisements, and also through our agencies and correspondents in the North and West, are unsurpassed. WE ARE NOW WAITING FOR LANDS TO BE PLACED IN OUR HANDS FOR SALE, in order to sell to a party of substantial farmers from the North.

Our terms are as follows: Persons placing property in the hands of the Guilford Land Agency of North Carolina, will be charged FIVE per cent. commission on all amounts realized. Five dollars entrance fee must be paid when the property is placed in our hands.

Persons at a distance wishing to place property in our hands should give us an accurate description of the same. If Agricultural Lands, they should specify the soil, number of acres of cleared and timbered lands, the kind of timber, what is raised on the land, what kind of improvements are on the premises, how far from Railroad and from County-seat; whether it is well watered, &c. If MINERAL LANDS, they should state what kind of Minerals, the indications, &c. always sending a good fair specimen of the ore. It would also be advisable to send a sketch of the land to us.

REFERENCES.

His Excellency Gov. Worth, of N. C.
Hon. W. A. Graham, Hillsboro.
Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte.
Thos. Webb, Esq., Pres. N. C. R. R Hillsboro.
Hon. John A. Gilmer, Greensboro.
Col. Thos. Ruffin, Graham.
Hon. John Letcher, of Virginia.

For terms of sale, entering Lands and all further information, address or apply to

PH. THIEM, Agent,
June 28-274-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BALTIMORE ADVERTISEMENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,
Baltimore,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines and Boilers,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, shafting, Pulleys and Gearing.

mar 29-198-6m.

W. J. HAWKINS, J. J. THOMAS,
B. P. WILLIAMSON, C. M. HAWKINS.

HAWKINS, WILLIAMSON & CO.,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c.

No. 44 South Street,

NEAR EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

WE BEG TO REFER BY PERMISSION TO

George W. Mordecai, Esq., *Raleigh N. C.*
Kemp P Battle, Esq., " "
Phillips & Battle, Attorneys, " "
Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, *Warren,* "
Col. C. B. Mallet, *Pres. Fayetteville & W. R. R.*
Samuel H. Cannady, Esq., *Fayetteville, N. C.*
J. W. Lee, Esq., *Johnson Co., N. C.*
Dr. R. K. Smith, *Chatham, N. C.*
Aug 19-10-3m

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spence Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety,
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,
Rams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels,	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

April 8-206-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO., GOODS.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you desire to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter trade, with the very best descriptions and styles of

ALL-WOOL CASSIMERES,

AND WITH THE MOST DURABLE

JEANS AND KERSEY FABRICS,

All free from Shoddy and other impurities, order samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August.

From these samples you can make your selections, and return your orders, and the goods will be forwarded direct from the manufactory.

JOHN A. YOUNG,
Charlotte, May 30-250-4m President.

J. H. CRAWFORD,

Mechanical and Operative Dentist.

RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:

From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.

my 1-228-eodly

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Favetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 22-168-tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a Co-partnership, under the name of K. H. COWAN & CO., for the purpose of carrying on a General Commission, Shipping and Supply Business in the City of Wilmington, N. C.

Their office, *for the present*, is on the Corner of Chesnut and Water Streets, up *stairs*, where they will be happy to hear from and serve their friends.

By the 1st. of October next, they will be fully prepared to furnish supplies of all kinds.

ROBT. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAMES H. HILL.
Aug 1-302-tf Wilmington, N. C.

MRS. RANSOM'S

FEMALE SEMINARY,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on the 7th. of October, 1867.

The ablest teachers in every branch alone will be employed.

The most accomplished and experienced Professors of Music and of Ancient and Modern Languages have been secured.

French will be habitually spoken in the Seminary.

For particulars, apply to

Mrs. ROBERT RANSOM,
Aug 9-310-2m Principal.

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)

Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.

Aug. 31—21-tf S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

DRY GOODS.

"CLEAN SWEEP!"

SELLING ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING

AT COST,

FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!

From this time forth I will sell my entire Stock of Goods at Cost to make room for my Winter Stock, consisting in part of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
PRINTS, WHITE GOODS,
IRISH LINEN, TOWELING,
L